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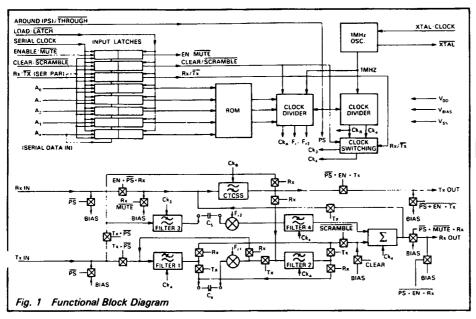
#### **FX214 FX224 VSB\* Audio Scrambler**

Publication D/214/3 July 1994

## Features/Applications

- \*Variable Split-Band Frequency **Inversion Voice Scrambler**
- 32 Programmable Split Frequencies
- CTCSS HP Filter
- **High Recovered Audio Quality**
- Low-Power 5 Volt CMOS
- Half-Duplex Switching

- Powersave Facility
- **Mobile or Cellular Radio Applications**
- Fixed or Rolling Code Applications
- Serial/Parallel Load Options: FX214 (Serial), FX224 (Parallel),
- **DIL and SMD Package Options**



# **FX214** FX224

## **Brief Description**

The FX214 and 224 are low-power CMOS LSI devices designed as Variable Split-Band (VSB) voice scramblers.

The device uses separate Rx and Tx paths which are switched for half-duplex operation. To prevent interference from sub-audio products, an on-chip Continuous Tone Controlled Squelch System (CTCSS) highpass filter is automatically switched to the input in Rx and to the output in Tx.

Scrambling is achieved by splitting the input voice frequencies into upper and lower frequency bands using switched capacitor filters, modulating each band with selected carrier frequencies to "frequency invert" the bands and then summing the output.

A total of 32 different split-point and carrier frequency combinations are externally programmable using a 5-bit code; this code can be either fixed or varying (rolling), for greater security

'Sync/Speech Mute', 'Powersave', 'Clear' and 'Audio-Bypass' facilities are controlled via external commands.

Timing and filter clocks are derived internally from an on-chip oscillator requiring only an external 1MHz Xtal or clock pulse input.

This device demonstrates high baseband and carrier frequency rejection with good 'recovered audio' quality. Serial or parallel command loading functions are available in both DIL and SMD Packages

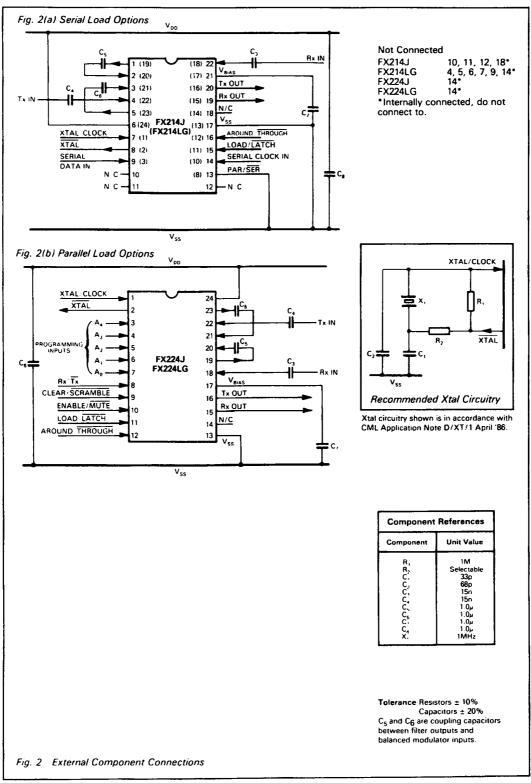
## **Pin Functions**

FX 214J	FX 214LG 214L2	FX 224J	FX 224LG 224LS	
7	1	1	1	Xtal/Clock: Input to the clock oscillator inverter. A 1MHz Xtal input or externally derived 1MHz clock is injected here. See Figure 2.
8	2	2	2	Xtal: Output of the clock oscillator inverter.
9	3			Serial Data Input: This pin is used, on devices wired in the serial loading mode, to input an 8- bit word representing the digital control functions. This word is loaded using the serial data clock and is input in the following sequence: ENABLE; CLEAR; Rx/Tx; A₀; A₁; A₂, A₃, with the Load/Latch being operated on completion. See Timing Diagram Figure 7.
		3 4 5 6 7	3 4 5 6 7	<ul> <li>A<sub>a</sub>: Programming Inputs: In parallel mode, these are the 5 digital inputs whose code defines the split point frequency and the High and Low band carrier frquencies. Each of the 5 input pins have a 1MΩ internal pullup resistor. Table 2 contains programming information .</li> <li>A<sub>a</sub>: A<sub>a</sub>: Programming Inputs: In parallel mode, these are the 5 digital inputs whose code defines the split point frequency and the High and Low band carrier frquencies. Each of the 5 input pins have a 1MΩ internal pullup resistor. Table 2 contains programming information .</li> </ul>
		8	8	Rx/Tx: This digital input selects the Receive or Transmit paths and configures Upperband and Lowerband filter bandwidths whilst setting the CTCSS High Pass Filter position in the signal path. See Table 1 and Figures 5 and 6. 1MΩ internal pullup resistor [Rx].
13	8			<b>Parallel/Serial:</b> This pin defines the loading mode of the digital function inputs. In the parallel load devices this pin has no external connections. For serial load devices this pin must be externally conected to $V_{ss}$ . This pin on all devices has an $1M\Omega$ internal pullup resistor.
		9	9	Clear/Scramble: This digital input puts the device 'Clear' or 'Frequency Inversion' mode by controlling the application of carrier frequency to the upper and lower band balanced modulators. In 'Scramble' the balanced modulator carrier frequency values are selected by the split point address $A_0$ - $A_4$ [Table 2]. In 'Clear' carriers are turned off and the balanced modulators are bypassed internally, the lower band is not added to the output signal. $1M\Omega$ internal resistor [Clear].
		10	10	Enable/Mute: This digital function is used to disable receive or transmit signal paths for rolling code synchronization whilst maintaining bias conditions. To allow synchronizing information to be transmitted, or receiver audio output to be removed during sync periods, a logic '1' will enable' a logic '0' will disable the selected $[Rx/Tx]$ audio path. See Table 1. $1M\Omega$ internal pullup resistor.
14	10			Serial Clock Input: The externally applied data clock frequency used to shift input data along on devices wired in the Serial loading mode. One full data clock cycle is required to shift one data bit completely into the register. See Timing Diagram Figure 7. This pin has a $1M\Omega$ internal pullup resistor.
15	11	11	11	<b>Load/Latch:</b> Controls the loading of the 8 digital function inputs: ENABLE; CLEAR; Rx/Tx; $A_0$ - $A_4$ into the internal register. When this pin is '1' all 8 inputs are transparent and new data acts directly. For controlled changing of parameters in the parallel mode Load/Latch must be kept at logic '0' whilst a new function is loaded, then Load/Latch strobed 0-1-0 to latch the inputs in. For serial loading the data should be loaded with Load/Latch at logic '0' and then Load/Latch strobed 0-1-0 on completion of data loading. $1M\Omega$ internal pullup resistor. See Figure 7. NOTE: Serial and/or parallel loading functions are dependant upon device type.

## **Pin Functions**

	uncu	7113		
FX 214J	FX 214LG 214L2	FX 224J	FX 224LG 224LS	
16	12	12	12	Around [Powersave]/Through: This digital input is used, when logic '1' to put the device into a powersave condition where all parts of the device except the 1MHz oscillator circuits are shut down, and signal input and output lines made opencircuit, free of all bias. This allows signal paths to be routed externally around the device. whilst reducing current consumption. A logic '0' enables the device to work normally as shown in Table 1. $1M\Omega$ internal pullup resistor.
17	13	13	13	V <sub>ss</sub> : Negative Supply [GND].
18	14	14	14	Internally connected , leave open circuit .
19	15	15	15	<b>Rx Output:</b> The processed audio signal output. This pin is held at dc 'bias' voltage for all functions except Powersave. This buffered output is driven by the Summer circuit in the Rx mode. Signal paths and bias levels are detailed in the Table 1 and Figure 6.
20	16	16	16	<b>Tx Output:</b> The processed audio output for the transmission channel. This pin is held at a dc 'bias' for all functions except Powersave. This summed and buffered signal is passed through the CTCSS High Pass Filter to the output pin in the Tx mode. Signal paths and bias levels are detailed in Table 1 and Figure 5.
21	17	17	17	$V_{\text{BLAS}}$ : Normally at $V_{\text{DD}}/2$ this pin requires an external decoupling capacitor to $V_{\text{SS}}$ .
22	18	18	18	Rx Input: The analogue received audio signal input. This pin is held at a dc 'bias' voltage by a 300kΩ on-chip bias resistor which is selected for all functions except Powersave, and therefore requires to be connected to external circuitry by a capacitor, C <sub>3</sub> . See Figure 2. This input is routed through the CTCSS High Pass Filter in Rx mode to remove sub-audio frequencies from the voiceband. Signal paths and bias levels are detailed in Table 1 and Figure 6.
1	19	19	19	Highband Filter Output: The output of the Input Filter of the Upperband arm. The Rx/Tx function sets the lowpass filter at 3400Hz or 2700Hz respectively. This output must be connected to the Highband Balanced Modulator input via capacitor C <sub>s</sub> . See Figure 2.
2	20	20	20	<b>Highband Balanced Modulator Input:</b> The input to the Balanced Modulator of the Upperband arm. This input must be connected to the Highband Filter Output via capacitor $\mathbf{C_s}$ .
3	21	21	21	<b>Lowband Balanced Modulator Input:</b> The input to the Balanced Modulator of the Lowerband arm. This input must be connected to the Lowerband Filter Output with capacitor $\mathbf{C}_6$ .
4	22	22	22	Tx Input: This is the analogue 'Clear' audio input for the VSB scrambler. This pin is held at a dc 'bias' voltage by a $300 \text{K}\Omega$ on-chip bias resistor which is selected for all functions except Powersave, and therefore requires to be connected to external circuitry by $\text{C}_4$ . This input, in the Tx mode, is connected to Upper and Lowerband input filters, signal paths and bias levels are detailed in Table 1 and Figure 5.
5	23	23	23	<b>Lowband Filter Output:</b> The output of the Input Filter of the Lowerband arm, the Rx/Tx function determines which filter is used [Filter 1 or 2]. Figures 5 and 6. This output must be connected to the Lowerband Balanced Modulator Input via $\mathbf{C}_6$ .
6	24	24	24	V <sub>DD</sub> : A single + 5V supply is required.

#### **Component Connections**



#### **Application Information**

This device can be used in 'Scramble' (frequency inversion) or 'Clear' speech modes. The inversion frequencies, when selected are controlled by the ROM address code (table 2). Keeping the code in one state (fixed) is the simplest form of operation. A more secure method is to continually change the ROM address code (rolling code) therefore changing split-point and carrier frequencies. This method requires some external form of code change generation with synchronization between transmit and receive stations. Many variations of code sequence are possible.

The recommended external component connections are shown in figure 2. In the Scramble mode, Splitpoint and Low and High band carrier frequencies ( $F_c1$ ,  $F_c2$ ) are selected and set in accordance with the ROM address code present at the inputs  $A_0$  to  $A_4$ , See Table 2

During the Clear speech function both Lower and Upperband filter arms are selected (figures 5 or 6), the carrier frequencies are turned off and the balanced modulators are bypassed internally. The Low band audio is removed from the output signal prior to summation.

## Enable/Mute

To enable code synchronization to be transmitted the speech output can be interrupted with the Enable/Mute function. A logic '0' will isolate the whole device whilst leaving the audio input and output pins at bias level. See Table 1.

#### Powersave

When the Around/Through function is at a logic '1' the device is in the powersave condition. Audio signals may be hardwired around the device normally as the input and output pins are open circuit. See Table 1.

Effect of Chosen Function on Inputs and Outputs		CHOSEN FUNCTION					
		Rx = '1'	Tx = '0'	Mute = '0'	Around (Powersave = '1'		
Rx Input	Path	Enabled	Disconnect	Disconnect	High Impedance		
nx input	Level	Bias	Bias	Bias			
Rx Output	Path	Enabled	Disconnected	Disconnect	High Impedance		
nx Output	Level	Bias	Bias	Bias	Trigit impedance		
Tx Input	Path	Disconnected	Enabled	Enabled	High Impedance		
1x input	Level	Bias	Bias	Bias	Tingii impedance		
Tx Output	Path	Disconnected	Enabled	Disconnected	High Impedance		
rx Output	Level	Bias	Bias	Bias	]gpcdarico		

Table 1 Functions Influencing Signal Paths

ROM Address A <sub>4</sub> -A <sub>0</sub>	Split Point Hz	Low Band Carrier, Hz f <sub>c1</sub>	High Band Carrier, Hz f <sub>c2</sub>
00000	2800	3105	6172
00001	2625	2923	6024
00010	2470	2777	5813
00011	2333	2631	5681
00100	2210	2512	5555
00101	2100	2403	5494
00110	2000	2304	5376
00111	1909	2212	5263
01000	1826	2127	5208
01001	1750	2049	5102
01010	1680	1984	5050
01011	1555	1858	4950
01100	1448	1748	4807
01101	1354	1655	4716
01110	1272	1572	4629
01111	1200	1501	4587

ROM Address A <sub>4</sub> – A <sub>0</sub>	Split Point Hz	Low Band Carrier, Hz f <sub>c1</sub>	High Band Carrier, Hz f <sub>c2</sub>	
10000	1135	1436	4504	
10001	1050	1351	4424	
10010	976	1278	4347	
10011	913	1213	4310	
10100	857	1157	4273	
10101	792	1094	4166	
10110	736	1037	4132	
10111	688	988	4065	
11000	636	936	4032	
11001	591	891	3968	
11010	552	853	3937	
11011	512	813	3906	
11100	471	772	3846	
11101	428	728	3816	
11110	388	688	3787	
11111	350	650	3731	

Table 2 ROM Address Programming Table

#### **Application Information**

For the following descriptions, the term 'FX214' can be taken to mean FX214 or FX224.

#### **Audio Quality**

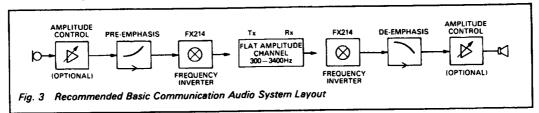


Figure 3 shows the recommended basic audio system layout using added pre- and de-emphasis circuitry to maintain good recovered speech quality. In the Transmit mode *Do Not* pre-emphasise the audio output of the FX214. In the Receive mode de-emphasis should be used after the FX214.

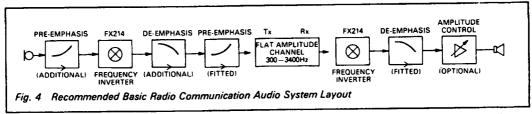
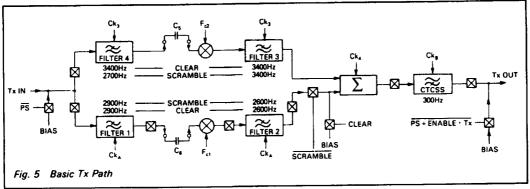
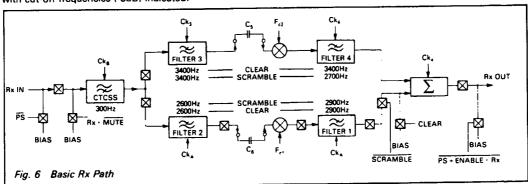


Figure 4 shows the recommended basic audio system layout if it is necessary to install the FX214 within a radio having pre- and de-emphasis circuitry as a standard. This is where post-emphasis access is not possible in the transmitter.



During the Transmit function the Low Pass and CTCSS filters are configured automatically as shown in Figure 5, with cut-off frequencies (-3dB) indicated.



During the Receive function the Low Pass and CTCSS filters are configured automatically as shown in Figure 6, with cut-off frequencies (-3dB) indicated.

## **Electrical Specifications**

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding the maximum rating can result in device damage. Operation of the device outside the operating limits is not implied. - 0.3V to 7.0V - 0.3V to (V<sub>DD</sub> + 0.3V) ± 30mA

Supply voltage Input voltage at any pin (ref  $V_{SS} = OV$ ) Sink/source current (supply pins) (other pins)
Total device dissipation @ 25°C ± 20mA Derating Operating temperature range: FX214J/224J

± 20mA 800mW Max. 10mW/°C -- 30°C to + 85°C (Ceramic) -- 30°C to + 70°C (Plastic) -- 55°C to + 125°C (Ceramic) -- 40°C to + 85°C (Plastic) FX214LG/224LG Storage temperature range: FX214J/224J FX214LG/224LG

#### **Operating Limits**

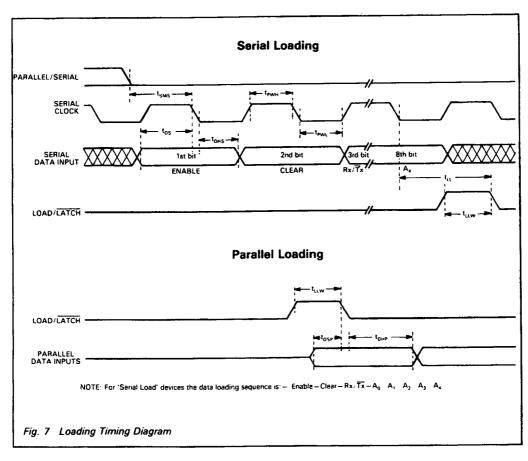
All characteristics measured using the following parameters unless otherwise specified:  $V_{DD}=5.0V,\, T_{amb}=25^{\circ}C,\, F_{clk}=1.0MHz,\, Audio\, Level\, Ref:\, 0dB=775mVrms.$ 

Characteristics	See Note	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Static Values		4.5	5	5.5	V
Supply voltage		4.5	8	5.5	mA
Supply current (Enabled)		_	1,2	_	mA
Supply current (Powersave)			1.2	_	ША
Analogue Input Impedances					
Tx/Rx Input (Enabled)		-	100	_	kΩ
Tx/Rx Input (Powersave)		1		_	MΩ
Balanced Modulator			40	_	kΩ
Analogue Output Impedances					
Rx Output (Tx Mode)			100	_	kΩ
Rx Output (Rx Mode)		-	<del>-</del> ,	2	kΩ
Rx Output (Powersave)		1	_	_	MΩ
Tx Output (Tx Mode)		_		2	kΩ
Tx Output (Rx Mode)		_	100	_	kΩ
Tx Output (Powersave)		1	_	_	МΩ
Input LPF		_	-	1	kΩ
Digital Values					
Digital Input Impedance		100	-	_	kΩ
Ovnamic Values					
Input Logic '1'		3.5		_	V
Input Logic '9'		_	_	1.5	V
Xtal/Clock Frequency		_	1	_	MHz
Analogue Input Level		- 18	_	+6	dΒ
Carrier Breakthrough	1	_	- 55	_	dB
Baseband Breakthrough	1. 2 or 3		- 33	_	dB
Filter Clock Breakthrough	1, 2 or 3	_	- 50	_	dB
Output Noise	1, 4	_	<b>– 45</b>	_	d₿
Passband Characteristics					
Clear Mode	7				
Passband Gain		_	0	_	dB
Output Lower 3dB Point (Rx or Tx)		-	300	_	Hz
Output Upper 3dB Point (Rx or Tx)		-	3400	-	Hz
Scramble-Descramble	5				
Received Signal Passband Gain	6	_	0	_	dB
Received Signal Lower 3dB Point	_	_	400	_	Hz
Received Signal Upper 3d8 Point		_	2700	_	Hz
Transmitted Signal Lower 3dB Point		_	300	_	Hz
Transmitted Signal Upper 3dB Point		_	3400	_	Hz
CTCSS (Highpass Filter)		_	300	_	Hz
- 3dB Point		_	300	_	dB
Passband Gain		_	40	_	₫₿
Stopband Attenuation at f>250 Hz		_	40	_	- C

## **Electrical Specifications...**

050			ns
250 250		_	ns
250	_	_	ns
250	-	_	
150	-		ns
50	_	_	ns
250	_	_	ns
150	_	_	ns
	_	_	กร
	_	_	ns
20	_	-	1.3
	150 20	150 —	150 — —

Measured at the output of a single device.
 Tx Mode.
 Rx Mode.
 With input A.C. short-circuited to V<sub>SS</sub>.
 Measured at the output of a receiving device in a scrambler-descrambler system with a transmission channel having a flat amplitude response and a bandwidth of 300Hz to 3400Hz and measured relative to the input signal at the transmitting device.
 Excluding split point ± 150Hz.
 Measured at the Rx or Tx output pin of a single device.



## **Package Outlines**

The FX214 and FX224 are available in the package styles outlined below. Mechanical package diagrams and specifications are detailed in Section 10 of this document.

Pin 1 identification marking is shown on the relevant diagram and pins on all package styles number anti-clockwise when viewed from the top.

FX214J

22-pin cerdip DIL

(J3)

## **Handling Precautions**

The FX214 and FX224 are CMOS LSI circuits which include input protection. However precautions should be taken to prevent static discharges which may cause damage.

FX224J

24-pin cerdip DIL

(J4)

NOT TO SCALE

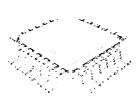
Max. Body Length Max. Body Width

27.38mm 9.75mm **NOT TO SCALE** 

Max. Body Length Max. Body Width 32.03mm 14.81mm

**FX214LG/224LG** 24-pin quad plastic encapsulated bent and cropped (L1)

**NOT TO SCALE** 



Max. Body Length Max. Body Width 10.25mm 10.25mm

### Package Outlines .....

FX214L2/224LS 24-lead plastic leaded

chip carrier

## **Ordering Information**

(J3)FX214J 22-pin cerdip DIL **NOT TO SCALE** 24-pin quad plastic FX214LG encapsulated bent and (L1) croppped 24-lead plastic leaded chip FX214L2 carrier FX224J 24-pin cerdip DIL (J4)FX224LG 24-pin quad plastic encapsulated bent and (L1) croppped Max. Body Length 10.40mm Max. Body Width 10.40mm 24-lead plastic leaded chip FX224LS carrier (L2) 欢迎索取免费详细资料、设计选型指南和光盘、样品;产品繁多未能尽录,欢迎来电查询。

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工控安防网:HTTP://WWW.PC-PS.NET/

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