This version: Nov. 1999 Previous version: Aug. 1998

OKI Semiconductor MSM7540/7560

Single Rail ADPCM CODEC

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The MSM7540/7560 are single channel ADPCM CODEC ICs which perform mutual transcoding between an analog voice band signal 300 to 3400 Hz and 32 kbps ADPCM serial data. Using advanced circuit technology, these devices operate using a single 5 V power supply and have low power consumption.

The MSM7540/7560 are optimized for advanced digital cordless telephone system applications.

FEATURES

- Single 5 V Power Supply Operation
- ADPCM Algorithm :
- Transmit/Receive Full-Duplex Operation
- Transmit/Receive Synchronous Mode Only
- Serial ADPCM Transmission Data Rate :
- Serial PCM Transmission Data Rate :
- PCM Interface Coding Format MSM7540 :
 - MSM7560 :
- Low Power Consumption Operating Mode : Power-Down Mode :
- Two Analog Input Amplifier Stages :
- Analog Output Stage :
- Built-in Crystal Oscillator (10.368 MHz)
- Built-in Reference Voltage Supply
- Option Reset Specified by ITU-T G. 721/ADPCM
- Package:
 - 28-pin plastic SOP (SOP28-P-430-1.27-K) (Product name: MSM7540GS-K) (Product name: MSM7560GS-K)

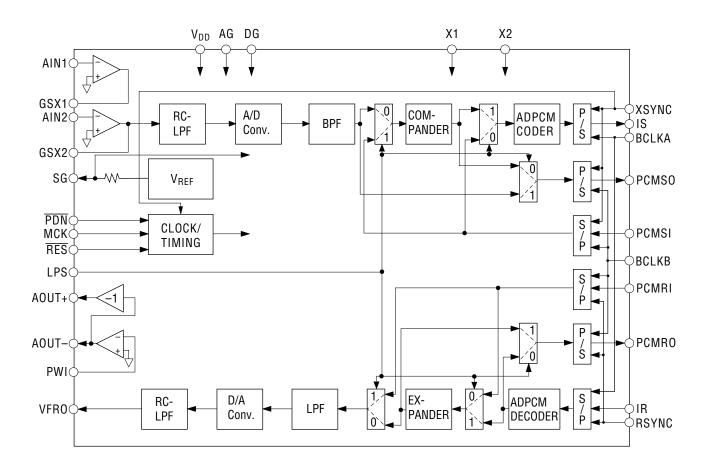
Complies completely with 1988's version ITU-T G.721 (32 kbps)

32 kbps to 2048 kbps 64 kbps to 2048 kbps

A-law or Linear (14-bit, 2's compliment) Selectable μ -law or Linear (14-bit, 2's compliment) Selectable

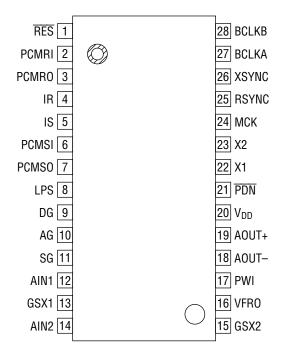
60 mW Typ. 1.0 mW Typ. Externally Adjustable Gain Push-pull Drive (direct drive of $350 \Omega + 120 \text{ nF}$)

BLOCK DIAGRAM



2/16

PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)



28-Pin Plastic SOP

PIN AND FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTIONS

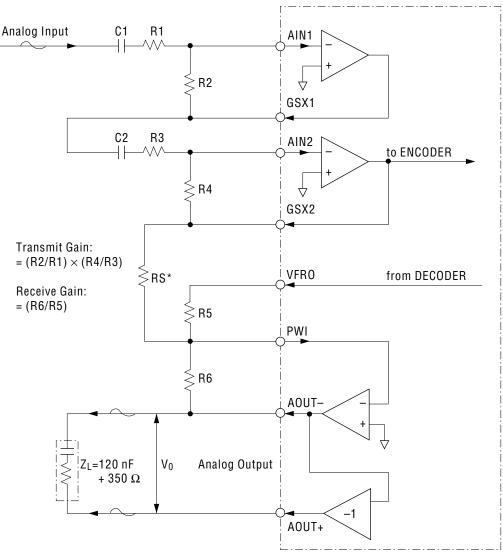
AIN1, AIN2, GSX1, GSX2

Transmit analog inputs and the output for transmit gain adjustment. AIN1 (AIN2) connects to the inverting input of the internal transmit amplifier. GSX1 (GSX2) connects to the internal transmit amplifier output. Refer to Fig. 1 for gain adjustment.

VFRO, AOUT+, AOUT-, PWI

Receive analog output and the output for receive gain adjustment.

VFRO is the receive filter output. AOUT+ and AOUT– are differential analog signal outputs which can directly drive $Z_L = 350 \Omega + 120 \text{ nF}$. Refer to Fig. 1 for gain adjustment.



* : Side Tone Pass (Gain = R6/RS)

Figure 1 Analog Input/Output Interface

SG

Analog signal ground voltage output.

The output voltage of this pin is approximately 2.4 V. Put bypass capacitors between this pin and the AG pin. During power-down this output voltage is 0 V. The external SG voltage, if necessary, should be used via a buffer.

AG

Analog ground.

DG

Digital ground.

This ground is separated internally from the analog signal ground pin (AG). The DG pin must be kept as close as possible to AG on the PCB.

V_{DD}

+5 V power supply.

LPS

PCM coding law selection.

MSM7540 only ; if this pin goes to a "0" level, PCMSO, PCMSI, PCMRO, and PCMRI become the A-law character signal, and if these pins goes to a "1" level, the signal becomes a linear value character signal (2's complement).

MSM7560 only ; if this pin goes to a "0" level, PCMSO, PCMSI, PCMRO, and PCMRI become the μ -law character signal, and if these pins goes to a "1" level, the signal becomes a linear value character signal (2's complement).

PDN

Power down control input. If this pin is "0", this device is in the power-down state. Normally, this pin is set to "1".

RES

Optional reset input specified by ITU-T Recommendation G. 721. If this pin is "0", the device is in the reset state. The reset width (during "L") should be $125\mu s$ or more.

MCK

Master clock input.

The frequency must be 10.368 MHz. The master clock signal may be asynchronous to BCLKA, BCLKB, XSYNC, and RSYNC.

PCMSO

Transmit PCM data output. PCM is output from MSB in synchronization with the rising edge of BCLKB and XSYNC.

PCMSI

Transmit PCM data input.

This signal is converted to the transmit ADPCM data. PCM is shifted in synchronization with the falling edge of BCLKB. Normally, this pin is connected to PCMSO.

PCMRO

Receive PCM data output. PCM is the output signal after ADPCM decoder processing. This signal is output serially from MSB in synchronization with the rising edge of BCLKB and RSYNC.

PCMRI

Receive PCM data input.

PCM is shifted on the falling edge of the BCLKB and input from MSB. Normally, this pin is connected to PCMRO.

IS

Transmit ADPCM signal output.

After having encoded PCM with ADPCM, this signal is output from MSB in synchronization with the rising edge of BCLKA and XSYNC. This pin is an open drain output and remains in a high impedance state during power-down. IS requires a pull-up resistor.

IR

Receive ADPCM signal input.

The ADPCM signal is shifted in series and synchronization with the falling edge of BCLKA and RSYNC, starting with MSB.

BCLKB

Shift clock input for the PCM data (PCMSO, PCMSI, PCMRO, PCMRI). The frequency is set in the 64 kHz to 2048 kHz range.

XSYNC

8 kHz synchronous signal input for transmit PCM and ADPCM data. Synchronize this signal with BCLKA and BCLKB signal. XSYNC is used to indicate the MSB of the serial PCM and ADPCM data stream.

Be sure to input the XSYNC signal because it is also used as the input of the timing generator.

RSYNC

8 kHz synchronous signal input for receive PCM and ADPCM data. Synchronize this signal with BCLKA and BCLKB signal. RSYNC is used to indicate the MSB of the serial PCM and ADPCM data stream.

BCLKA

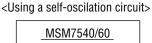
Shift clock input for the ADPCM data (IS, IR). The frequency is set in the range of 32 kHz to 2048 kHz.

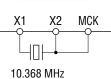
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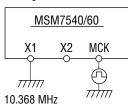
X1, X2

Crystal oscillator (10.368 MHz) connection. Connect X2, the clock output pin, directly to the MCK pin. When using a conventional external clock of 10.368 MHz, X1 should be connected to the ground, leave X2 open, and provide the external clock through the MCK pin.





<Using an external clock>



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	—	-0.3 to +7	V
Analog Input Voltage	V _{AIN}	_	-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Digital Input Voltage	V _{DIN}	—	-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	_	-55 to +150	°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	Voltage must be fixed	4.5	_	5.5	V
Operating Temperature	Та	_	-25	+25	+70	°C
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	MCK, XSYNC, RSYNC, PCMRI, PCMSI, BCLKA, BCLKB, IR, LPS, PDN, RES	2.2		V _{DD}	V
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	MCK, XSYNC, RSYNC, PCMRI, PCMSI, BCLKA, BCLKB, IR, LPS, PDN, RES	0		0.6	V
Master Clock Frequency	f _{MCK}	MCK	-0.01%	10.368	+0.01%	MHz
Dit Clock Fragonov	f _{BCKA}	BCLKA	32	—	2048	kHz
Bit Clock Freqency	f _{BCKB}	BCLKB	64		2048	kHz
Synchronous Signal Frequency	f _{SYMC}	XSYNC, RSYNC	_	8.0	_	kHz
Clock Duty Ratio	D _C	MCK, BCLKA, BCLKB	30	50	70	%
Digital Input Rise Time	t _{lr}	MCK, XSYNC, RSYNC, PCMRI, PCMSI, BCLKA, BCLKB, IR, LPS, PDN, RES	—	_	50	ns
Digital Input Fall Time	t _{lf}	MCK, XSYNC, RSYNC, PCMRI, PCMSI, BCLKA, BCLKB, IR, LPS, PDN, RES	_	_	50	ns
Transmit Cupe Cignel Cotting Time	t _{XS}	BCLKA, BCLKB to XSYNC	100	_	_	ns
Transmit Sync Signal Setting Time	t _{XS}	XSYNC to BCLKA, BCLKB	100	_	_	ns
Dessive Cupe Cignal Catting Time	t _{RS}	BCLKA, BCLKB to RSYNC	100	_	_	ns
Receive Sync Signal Setting Time	t _{SR}	RSYNC to BCLKA, BCLKB	100	_	_	ns
Synchronous Signal Width t _{WS}		XSYNC, RSYNC	1 BCLK		100	μs
PCM, ADPCM Set-up Time t _{DS}		—	100	—		ns
PCM, ADPCM Hold Time	t _{DH}		100	_		ns
Digital Output Load	R _{DL}	IS (Pull-up Resistor)	500			Ω
Digital Output Load	C _{DL}	IS, PCMSO, PCMRO		—	100	pF
Bypass Capacitor for SG	C _{SG}	SG⇔GND		10 + 0.1		μF

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC and Digital Interface Characteristics

$(V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ Ta} = -25^{\circ}\text{C to } +70^{\circ}\text{C}$						
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	I _{DD1}	Operating Mode, (When no signal, and $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$)	_	12	24	mA
Power Supply Current	I _{DD2}	Power Down Mode (When V _{DD} = 5.0 V)	_	0.2	0.5	mA
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	—	2.2	_	V _{DD}	V
Input Low Voltage	VIL	—	0.0		0.6	V
Input Lookago Current	I _{IH}	$V_I = V_{DD}$			2.0	μA
Input Leakage Current	IIL	$V_I = 0 V$	—	—	0.5	μA
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	1 LSTTL, Pull-up: 500 Ω	0.0	0.2	0.4	V
Output Leakage Current	I ₀	IS	_	_	10	μA
Input Capacitance	CIN	—		5		pF

Transmit Analog Interface Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input Resistance	R _{INX}	AIN1, AIN2	10	_	_	MΩ
Output Load Resistance	R _{LGX}	GSX1, GSX2	50			kΩ
Output Load Capacitance	CLGX	GSX1, GSX2	_	_	100	pF
Output Amplitude	V _{OGX}	GSX1, GSX2, $R_L = 50 \text{ k}\Omega$	_		*2.226	V _{PP}
Input Offset Voltage	VOFGX	Pre-OPAMPs	-20		+20	mV
SG Output Voltage	V _{SG}	—	_	2.4		V
SG Output Impedance	R _{SG}	—	_	40	80	kΩ
SG Rise Time		SG⇔GND 10 μF + 0.1 μF		700		
	T _{SG}	(Rise time to 90% of max. level)	_	700		ms

* $-3 \text{ dBm} (600 \Omega) = 0 \text{ dBm0}, + 3.14 \text{ dBm0} = 2.226 \text{ V}_{PP} (MSM7540)$ $-3 \text{ dBm} (600 \Omega) = 0 \text{ dBm0}, + 3.17 \text{ dBm0} = 2.226 \text{ V}_{PP} (MSM7560)$

Parameter	Symbol	C	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Input Resistance	R _{INPW}	PWI		10	_	—	MΩ	
Output Load Desistance	R _{LVF}	VFRO		50		—	kΩ	
Output Load Resistance	R _{LAO}	AOUT+, AC)UT–	1.2	_	_	kΩ	
Output Conscitones	CLVF	VFRO		—	_	100	рF	
Output Capacitance	CLAO	AOUT+, AC)UT–	—	_	100	рF	
	V _{OVF}	VFRO	$R_L = 50 \ k\Omega$	—	_	*2.226	V _{PP}	
Output Voltage Lavel			R _L = 1.2 kΩ	—	_	*2.226	V _{PP}	
Output Voltage Level	V _{OAO}	AOUT+, AOUT-		Z _L = 350 Ω + 120 nF(See Fig.1)	_	_	*2.226	V _{PP}
	VOFVF	VFRO		-100	_	+100	mV	
Offset Voltage	V _{OFAO}	AOUT+, AOUT- (GAIN = 0 dB), Power amp only		-20	_	+20	mV	
Open Loop Gain	G _{DB}	Power amp (0.3 to 3.4 kHz, $Z_L = 350 \ \Omega + 120 \text{ nF})(\text{See Fig.1})$		40	_	_	dB	

Receive Analog Interface Characteristics

* $-3 \text{ dBm} (600 \ \Omega) = 0 \text{ dBm0}, + 3.14 \text{ dBm0} = 2.226 \text{ V}_{PP} (MSM7540)$ $-3 \text{ dBm} (600 \ \Omega) = 0 \text{ dBm0}, + 3.17 \text{ dBm0} = 2.226 \text{ V}_{PP} (MSM7560)$

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AC Chracteristics

(V_{DD} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V, Ta = -25°C to +70°C)

			Condition	(*00					
Parameter	Symbol	-	Level	Others	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
		(Hz)	(dBm0)	_					
	L _{OSS} T1	0 to 60			25	—	_	dB	
	L _{OSS} T2	300 to 3000			-0.15	—	+0.20	dB	
Transmit Frequency	L _{OSS} T3	1020	0	0	_		Reference		dB
Response	L _{OSS} T4	3300			-0.15	—	+0.80	dB	
	L _{OSS} T5	3400			0	—	0.80	dB	
	L _{OSS} T6	3968.75			14	—	_	dB	
	Loss R1	0 to 3000			-0.15	—	+0.20	dB	
Receive Frequency	L _{OSS} R2	1020				Reference		dB	
Response	L _{OSS} R3	3300	0	-	-0.15	—	+0.80	dB	
nespuise	L _{OSS} R4	3400			0	—	0.80	dB	
	L _{OSS} R5	3968.75			14			dB	
	SD T1		3		35	—	_	dB	
Transmit Cianal	SD T2	1020	0		35	—		dB	
Transmit Signal	SD T3		-30	(*1)	35	—		dB	
to Distortion Ratio	SD T4		-40		28	—	_	dB	
	SD T5		-45		23		_	dB	
	SD R1		3		35	_	_	dB	
Dessive Circal	SD R2		0		35	_		dB	
Receive Signal	SD R3	1020	-30	(*1)	35			dB	
to Distortion Ratio	SD R4		-40		28	—	_	dB	
	SD R5		-45		23	_	_	dB	
	GT T1		3		-0.2		+0.2	dB	
T 101	GT T2		-10			Reference	dB		
Transmit Gain	GT T3	1020	-40		-0.2		+0.2	dB	
Tracking	GT T4		-50		-0.5	_	+0.5	dB	
	GT T5		-55		-1.2	—	+1.2	dB	
	GT R1		3		-0.2		+0.2	dB	
Deserve Osi	GT R2		-10		Reference			dB	
Receive Gain	GT R3	1020	-40	1 _	-0.2		+0.2	dB	
Tracking	GT R4		-50		-0.5	_	+0.5	dB	
	GT R5		-55		-1.2	_	+1.2	dB	

*1 Use the P-message weighted filter

OKI Semiconductor

MSM7540/7560

AC Characteristics	s (Continu	ed)		(V _{DD}	= 4.5 V to	5.5 V, Ta =	= –25°C to	+70°C)
		Condition						
Parameter	Symbol	Freq.	Level	Others	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
		(Hz)	(dBm0)	Others				
	N			(*1)			-69	
Idle Obernel Neise	N _{IDLT}	_	AIN = SG	(*1)	_		(–72)	dBm0p
Idle Channel Noise	N			(*1)			-72	(dBmp)
	N _{IDLR}		(*2)	_	_	(–75)		
	Δ			0000	0.400	0.548	0.015	Viene
Absolute Signal	A _{VT}	1000		GSX2	0.488	(*3)	0.615	Vrms
Amplitude		1020	0		0.400	0.548	0.045	
	A _{VR}			VFRO	0.488	(*3)	0.615	Vrms
Power Supply Noise	P _{SRRT}	Noise Freq.	Noise Level		30	_		dB
Rejection Ratio	P _{SRRR}	: 0 to 50 kHz	: 50 mV _{PP}	_	30	—	_	dB
	t _{SDX}				50	_	200	ns
Digital Output	t _{SDR}		1.0771 . 100 - 5		50	_	200	ns
	t _{XD1} , t _{RD1}	_	1 LSTTL + 100 pF,	_	50	_	200	ns
Delay Time	t _{XD2} , t _{RD2}		Pull-up: 500 Ω		50	_	200	ns
	t _{XD3} , t _{RD3}				50	_	200	ns

AC Characteristics (Continued)

*1 Use the P-message weighted filter *2 PCMRI input code

"11010101"(MSM7540)

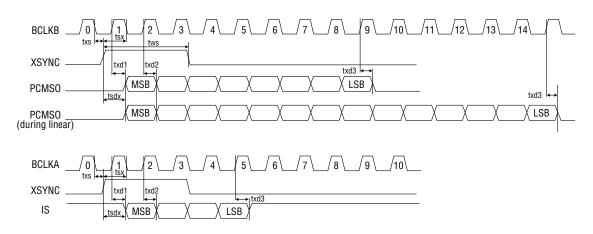
"11111111"(MSM7560)

*3 0.548 Vrms = 0 dBm0= -3 dBm

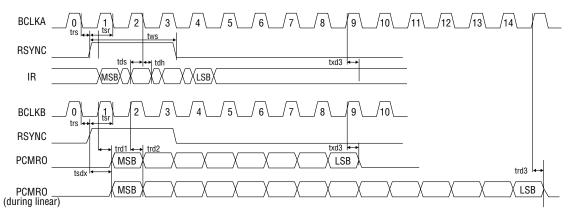
Note: All ADPCM coder and decoder characteristics comply with ITU-T Recommendation G.721.

TIMING DIAGRAM

Transmit Side PCM/ADPCM Data Interface



Receive Side PCM/ADPCM Data Interface

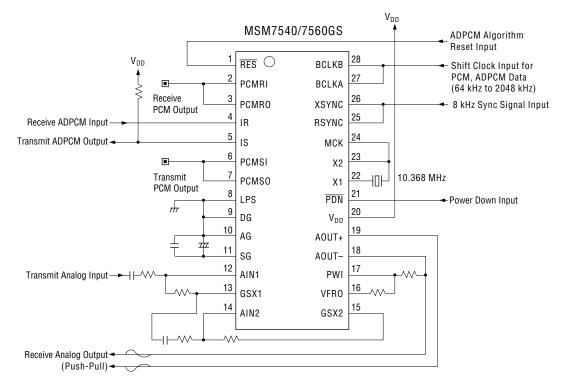


Note: Linear format

A code of an input/output level is determined by the 14-bit 2'compliment. Refer to the table below for code format.

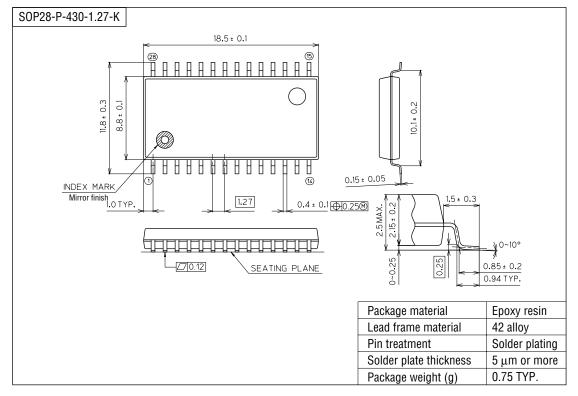
Input/Output level	MSB to LSB
+Full-scall	011111111111111
0	000000000000000
–Full-scall	10000000000000

APPLICATION CIRCUIT



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

(Unit : mm)



Notes for Mounting the Surface Mount Type Package

The SOP, QFP, TSOP, SOJ, QFJ (PLCC), SHP and BGA are surface mount type packages, which are very susceptible to heat in reflow mounting and humidity absorbed in storage.

Therefore, before you perform reflow mounting, contact Oki's responsible sales person for the product name, package name, pin number, package code and desired mounting conditions (reflow method, temperature and times).

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