48-Bit Grid/Anode Driver

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The MSC1212-01 is a driver IC for VFD implemented in BiCMOS technology.
The circuit consists of a 48-bit shift register and a 48-bit latch; they control display data, which is output from the display drivers.
Since a 64-pin plastic QFP package is used, the display unit size can be reduced.

## FEATURES

- Logic supply voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ )
- Driver supply voltage (V $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DISP }}$ )
- Operating temperature range
- Driver output current
- Built-in 48-bit output Driver (with latch)
- Built-in 48-bit shift register
- Clock frequency : 0.5 MHz
- Package:

64-pin plastic QFP (QFP64-P-1414-0.80-BK) (Product name: MSC1212-01GS-BK)

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



## PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)



NC: No-connection pin

## 64-Pin Plastic QFP

## INPUT AND OUTPUT CONFIGURATION

- Schematic Diagrams of Logic Portion Input Circuit

- Schematic Diagrams of Logic Portion Input • Schematic Diagrams of Logic Portion Input Circuit (Pull-up) Circuit (Pull-down)

- Schematic Diagrams of Logic Portion Output •Schematic Diagrams of Driver Output Circuit Circuit



## PIN DESCRIPTION

| Function | Pin | Symbol | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Driver Output | 1 to 17 <br> 32 to 48 <br> 50 to 63 | $\begin{gathered} \text { HVO1 } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { HVO48 } \end{gathered}$ | Driver output pins, applicable to each bit of shift register. |
| Driver Power Supply | 19,30 | VIISP | Power supply pins for driver circuit. Both Pin 19 and 30 should be connected externally. |
| Logic Power Supply | 27 | $V_{C C}$ | Power supply pin for logic. |
| Driver GND | 20, 29 | D-GND | GND pins for the driver circuit. <br> Both Pin 20 and 29 should be connected externally. |
| Logic GND | 21 | L-GND | GND pin for the logic circuit. |
| Data Input | 22 | DIN | Input pin without pull-up or pull-down resistor. Input pin of shift register. Display data input is synchronized with clock signal. (positive logic) |
| Clock Input | 23 | CLK | Input pin without pull-up or pull-down resistor. Data of shift register is shifted from one stage to the next on application of each clock rising edge. |
| Latch Strobe Input | 24 | LS | Input pin without pull-up or pull-down resistor. When LS is at "H" level, the latch is shunted and the shift register output becomes the lacth output. When LS is at "L" level, the lacth holds the shift register output just bafore LS goes to "L" level. |
| Clear Input | 25 | CL | Clear input pin with pull-up resistor. Normally "L" level. In this condition, driver output changes to " H " or "L" according to latch output level. When CL is "H", all driver output pins are fixed to "L". |
| Test Input | 26 | CHG | Test input pin with pull-down resistor. Normally "L" level, but here, if CL="H", then driver output changes to "H" or "L" according to latch output level. If CL = "L" when CHG is at "H" level, all driver output is fixed to "H" for test. |
| Data Output | 28 | DOUT | Serial output pin of shift register. |

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Rating | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Logic Supply Voltage *1 | $V_{\text {cc }}$ | - | -0.3 to +6.5 | V |
| Driver Supply Voltage *1, *2 | $V_{\text {DISP }}$ | - | -0.3 to +20 | V |
| Input Voltage ${ }^{* 1}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ | Applicable to all input pins | -0.3 to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}+0.3$ | V |
| Data Output Voltage *1 | $\mathrm{V}_{01}$ | Applicable to data output pin | -0.3 to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}+0.3$ | V |
| Driver Output Voltage *1 | $\mathrm{V}_{02}$ | Applicable to driver output pin | -0.3 to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DISP }}+0.3$ | V |
| Power Dissipation | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | $\mathrm{Ta} \leq 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.0 | W |
| Thermal Resistance *3 | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{j} \text {-a }}$ | - | 120 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| Storage Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {STG }}$ | - | -55 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

*1 Maximum supply voltage with respect to L-GND and D-GND
*2 Catastrophic breakdown may occur if the applied voltage is more than the rating.
*3 Thermal resistance of package (between junction and atmosphere)
The junction temperature $\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}\right)$ given by the following formula should not exceed $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
$T_{j}=P \times R_{j-a}+T a(P$ is the maximum power dissipation)

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Logic Supply Voltage | $V_{C C}$ | Applicable to logic supply voltage pin | 4.5 | 5.5 | V |
| Driver Supply Voltage | VIISP | Applicable to driver supply voltage pin | 8 | 18 | V |
| High Level Input Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | Applicable to all input pins | 0.8 VCC | - | V |
| Low Level Input Voltage | VIL | Applicable to all input pins | - | $0.2 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {CC }}$ | V |
| Logic Output Current | 101 | Applicable to DOUT pin | -0.1 | 0.1 | mA |
| Driver High Level Output Current | $\mathrm{l}_{02-1}$ | Only one driver is ON state | - | -6 | mA |
|  | 102-2 | Total current at all driver outputs are ON state | - | -50 | mA |
| Driver Low Level Output Current | $\mathrm{l}_{02-3}$ | Applicable to all driver output pins | - | 0.2 | mA |
| CLK Frequency | flık | See Timing Diagram | - | 0.5 | MHz |
| Data Setup Time | $t_{\text {DS }}$ | See Timing Diagram | 400 | - | ns |
| Data Hold Time | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {DH }}$ | See Timing Diagram | 300 | - | ns |
| LS Pulse Width | twLs | See Timing Diagram | 125 | - | ns |
| CHG Pulse Width | twCHg | See Timing Diagram | 10 | - | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| CL Pulse Width | twCL | See Timing Diagram | 10 | - | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| CLK Pulse Width | twclk | See Timing Diagram | 500 | - | ns |
| CLK-LS Delay Time | tocLk-LS | See Timing Diagram | 525 | - | ns |
| LS-CLK Delay Time | tpls-CLK | See Timing Diagram | 0 | - | ns |
| LS-CHG Delay Time | tols-CHG | See Timing Diagram | 0 | - | ns |
| LS-CL Delay Time | tols-CL | See Timing Diagram | 0 | - | ns |
| Operating Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {op }}$ | - | -40 | 105 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

## DC Characteristics

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5\right.$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DISP}}=8$ to $18 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Ta}=-40$ to $\left.+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

| Parameter | Symbol |  | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Logic Power Supply Current | ICC1 | No Load | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {CLK }}=0 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | - | 2 | 4 | mA |
|  | ICC2 |  | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {CLK }}=0.5 \mathrm{MHz}$ | - | 4 | 6 |  |
| Driver Power Supply Current | IDISP | No Load |  | - | - | 5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| High Level Input | $V_{p}$ | All input pins | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2.4 | 2.75 | - | V |
| Threshold Voltage |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2.9 | 3.25 | - | V |
| Low Level Input | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | All input pins | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 1.75 | 2.1 | V |
| Threshold Voltage |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cC }}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 2.25 | 2.6 | V |
| Hysteresis Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | All input pins |  | 0.3 | 1 | - | V |
| High Level Input | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{H} 1}$ | $V_{1}=V_{c c}$ | CHG pin | 100 | - | 600 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Current | I'H2 $^{\text {l }}$ |  | Input pins except CHG pin | -1 | - | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Low Level Input | 1 l 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | CL pin | -600 | - | -100 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Current | ILL2 |  | Input pins except CL pin | -1 | - | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| High Level Data Output Current | $\mathrm{IOH}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{V}_{\text {OH1 }}=1.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | -0.1 | - | - | mA |
| Low Level Data Output Current | loL1 | $\mathrm{V}_{0 L 1}=1.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0.1 | - | - | mA |
| Driver High Level <br> Output Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {OH2 }}$ | Only one driver is ON state$V_{\text {DISP }}-V_{\text {OH2 } 2}=1.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | -6 | - | - | mA |
| Driver Low Level Output Current | IoL2 | $\mathrm{V}_{0 L 2}=1.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0.2 | - | - | mA |
| Voltage Difference Between GND Pins | $V_{G N D}$ | Voltage difference between D-GND and L-GND *1 |  | -0.1 | 0 | 0.1 | V |

*1 Pin D-GND and Pin L-GND are not connected internally.
Therefore, set the voltage between D-GND and L-GND at the same level by connecting both pins externally.

## AC Characteristics

$$
\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \text { to } 5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DISP}}=8 \text { to } 18 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Ta}=-40 \text { to }+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)
$$

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLK-Dout Delay Time | tpD | See Timing Diagram | 0.3 | - | 1.6 | $\mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Delay Time Low $\rightarrow$ High | t $_{\text {DLH }}$ | See Timing Diagram | - | 1.0 | 2.0 | $\mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Transit Time Low $\rightarrow$ High | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {TLH }}$ | See Timing Diagram | - | 2.0 | 5.0 | $\mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Delay Time High $\rightarrow$ Low | t $_{\text {DHL }}$ | See Timing Diagram | - | 1.0 | 2.0 | $\mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Transit Time High $\rightarrow$ Low | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {THL }}$ | See Timing Diagram | - | 2.0 | 5.0 | $\mu \mathrm{~S}$ |



## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

## Function Table

| CLOCK | DIN | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 |  | P046 | P047 | P048 | DOUT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | H | H | P01k | P02k | P03k |  | P045k | P046k | P047k | P047k |
| 1 | L | L | P01k | PO2k | P03k |  | P045k | P047k | P047k | P047k |


| CL | CHG | LS | POn | HVOn |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $H$ | X | X | X | L |
| L | H | X | X | H |
| L | L | H | H | H |
| L | L | H | L | L |
| L | L | L | X | NC |

L: Low Level, H: High Level, X: Don't Care, NC: No Change

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

(Unit : mm)


Notes for Mounting the Surface Mount Type Package
The SOP, QFP, TSOP, SOJ, QFJ (PLCC), SHP and BGA are surface mount type packages, which are very susceptible to heat in reflow mounting and humidity absorbed in storage.
Therefore, before you perform reflow mounting, contact Oki's responsible sales person for the product name, package name, pin number, package code and desired mounting conditions (reflow method, temperature and times).

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