

New Technologies, New Opportunities for Odour Detection

Dr. John Saffell
Alphasense Ltd.
sensors@alphasense.com

Current Technologies OK, but could do better

Organic

Mass Spectrometry (MS) or GC/MS
Long pathlength FTIR
Photoionisation Detectors (PID)
Electronic noses (sensor arrays)

Inorganic

Electrochemical cells
NIR laser spectrometry

Types of Gases

Sulphur compounds are the biggest problem

Organic

sulphur compounds: H₂S, mercaptans/thiols
amines
aldehydes, ketones, alcohols
methane

Inorganic

NO_x, SO_x (acid gases)
Ozone, chlorine/ bromine (disinfectants)
Ammonia (nitrogenation)
Hydrogen (used as surrogate for clean landfills)

New Technologies Not there, yet

Organic

NIR solid state spectrometry
Nanomaterial sensor arrays (next generation electronic noses)
Micro GC/MS (low cost, limited life detectors)
Ion Mobility Spectroscopy (IMS/ FAIMS)

Inorganics

Quantum Cascade Laser (QCL) spectroscopy
Cavity Ring Down Spectroscopy (CRDS)
Long wavelength NDIR
Improved sensitivity electrochemicals

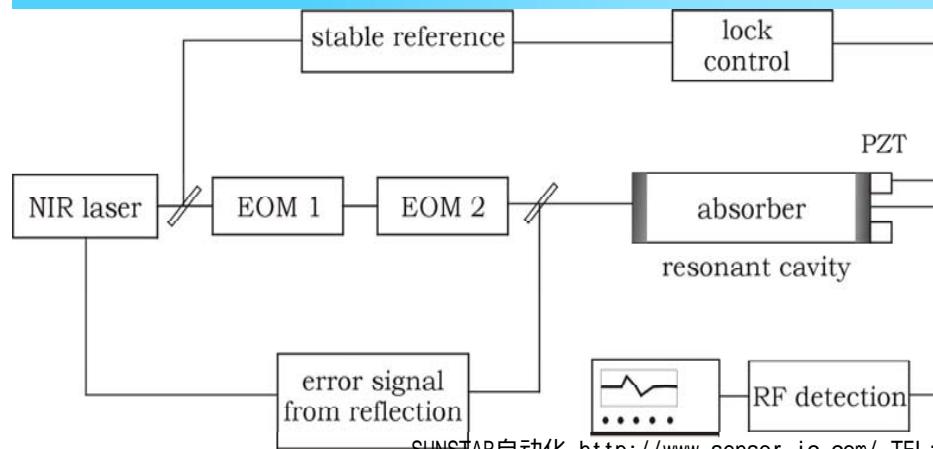
Quantum Cascade Lasers

- Solid state infrared lasers are now available at wavelengths to 20um

Resonant Cavity Laser Systems

- Bounce the light through the test cell hundreds, thousands of times to improve resolution
- Cavity Ring Down Spectroscopy (CRDS) is now commercially available for some gases

Resonant Cavity Diode Laser Absorption

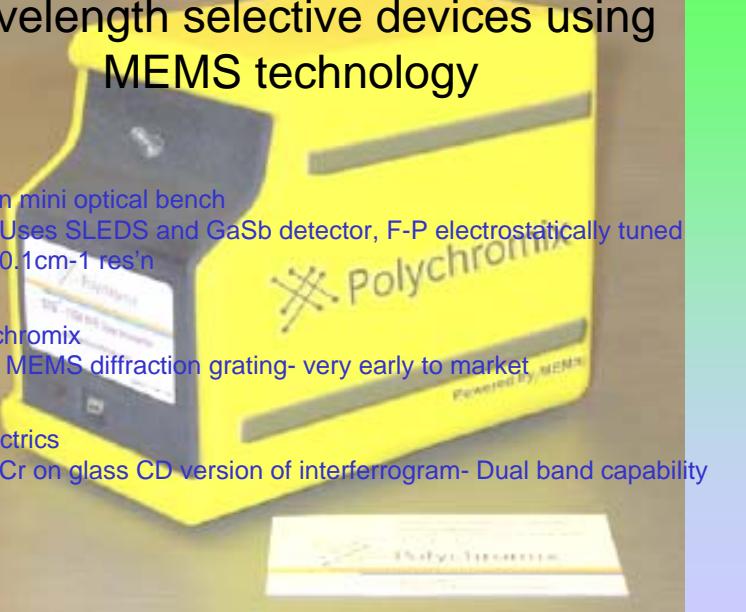


Near-Infrared spectroscopy has just become cheaper, better

- MEMS devices are replacing expensive optical wavelength selection systems

Wavelength selective devices using MEMS technology

- Axsun mini optical bench
Uses SLEDS and GaSb detector, F-P electrostatically tuned
0.1cm-1 res'n
- Polychromix
MEMS diffraction grating- very early to market
- Aspectrics
Cr on glass CD version of interferogram- Dual band capability



Electronic noses Sensor arrays

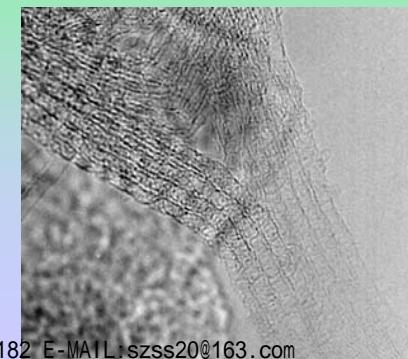
- Based on polymer or semiconductor sensors
- Analysis of the measurements is difficult- keeps the programmers busy.
- Humidity, sensor drift, and array “training” are continuing problems. Hopefully, new sensor materials will rescue this technology.

Nanomaterials improve sensor performance

- Carbon nanotubes are in development as sensors for ammonia and hydrogen.
- Better organometallic sensing layers are more repeatable, thanks to organic LED (OLED) work for new TV, PC displays.

Carbon nanotubes

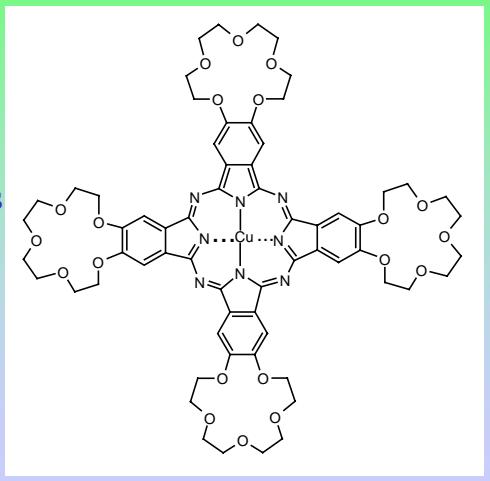
- Chemical resistors, or-
- Electrochemical replacements for graphite



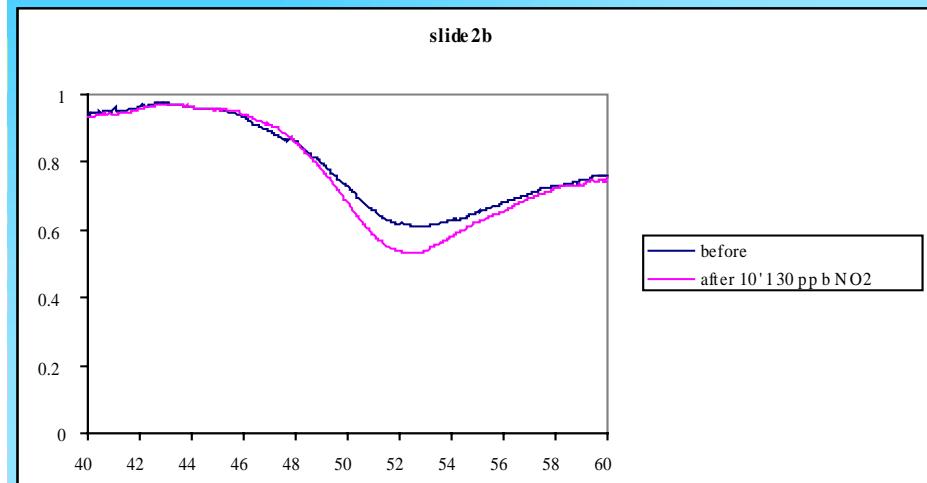
Single Wall CNT

Sensing layers: organometallic chemistry at its best

- Phthalocyanines
- Crown Ethers
- Dendrimers
- Hydro-, lipophilic chains
- Chiral compounds
- Thiol on gold SAMs



SPR Response to 130 ppb NO₂

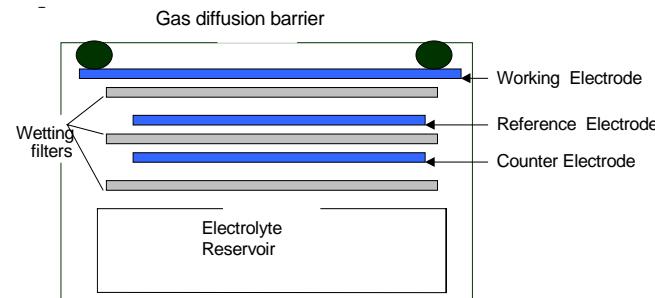


Amperometric Sensors

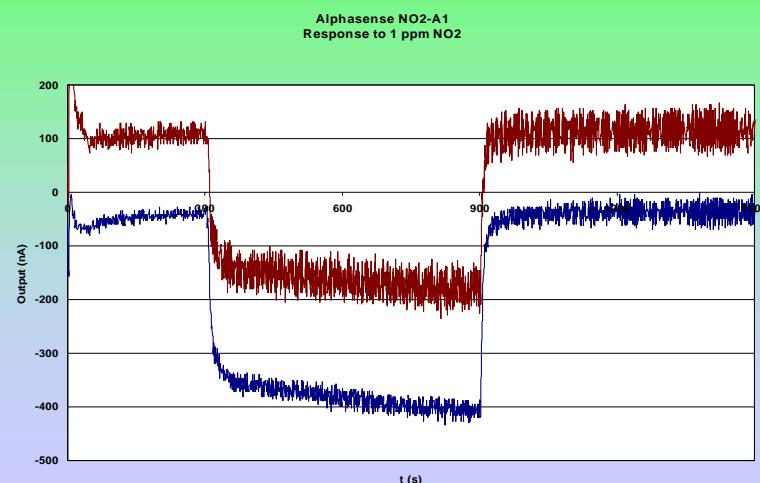
- Standard gas detection technology for H₂S, SO_x and NO_x continues to improve itself.



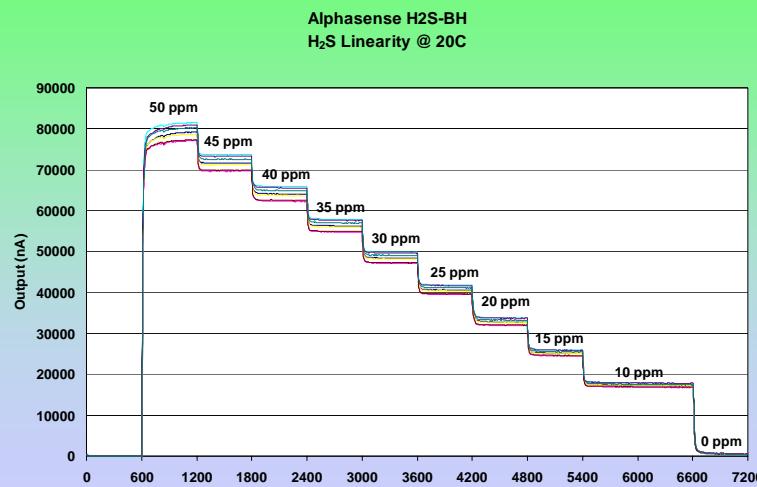
4 Amperometric Electrochemical



Electrochemical response to 1ppm NO₂



Electrochemicals give good response



Gas Cameras

- The ultimate tool to measure odour dispersion in real time.
- But- a technical challenge still under development

Electronics and Computing come to the rescue

- ASICs and FPGAs give computing power at the sensor.
- Low power wireless ZigBee (IEEE 802.15.4) WiFi and GPS allow instant network systems without cables.
- Silicon MEMS permit low cost sensor arrays.

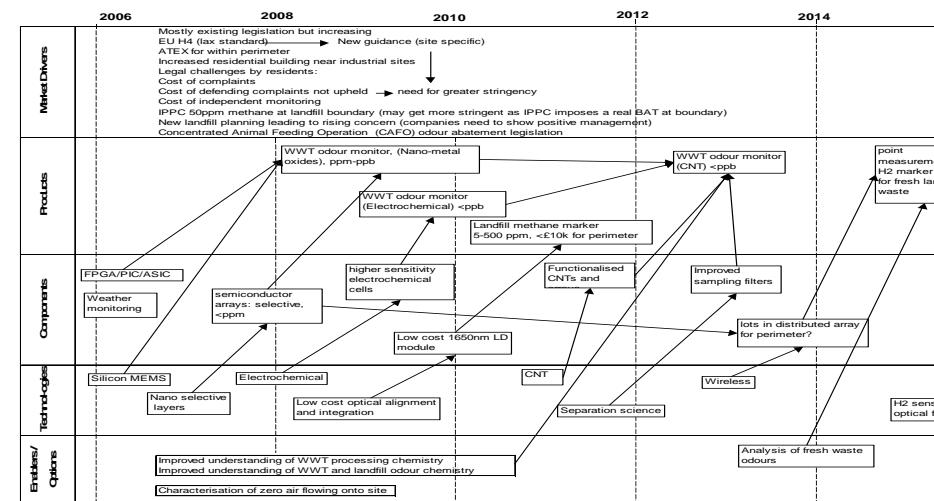
Conclusions

- VOC analysis using **spectroscopy** will become cheaper.
- H₂S and other inorganic gases will be cheaply measured at the 10-50ppb level with better **electrochemical sensors**.
- New **sensor materials**- they may be the hope for ammonia and mercaptans, but- still too early.
- Dioxins, PCBs will be analysed at the sub-ppb level inexpensively with the next step after PIDs: **Differential Mobility Spectroscopy**.
- **Research** is needed to determine how the hydrocarbons and hydrogen are useful surrogates for landfill monitoring.

What does the future offer us? When?

- These technologies are in development.
- But we are not there yet- products must be developed and supporting research is needed to ensure correct interpretation.

MNT Gas Sensors Roadmap- Odour Monitoring



SUNSTAR传感与控制 <http://www.sensor-ic.com/> TEL:0755-83376549 FAX:0755-83376182 E-MAIL:szss20@163.com

MNT Gas Sensor Forum

Visit our website

www.gas-sensor-roadmap.com