

Surface Mount Micromachined Accelerometer

The MMA series of silicon capacitive, micromachined accelerometers features signal conditioning, a 4-pole low pass filter and temperature compensation. Zero-g offset full scale span and filter cut-off are factory set and require no external devices. A full system self-test capability verifies system functionality.

Features

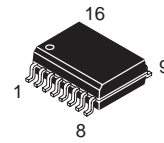
- Integral Signal Conditioning
- Linear Output
- Ratiometric Performance
- 4th Order Bessel Filter Preserves Pulse Shape Integrity
- Calibrated Self-test
- Low Voltage Detect, Clock Monitor, and EPROM Parity Check Status
- Transducer Hermetically Sealed at Wafer Level for Superior Reliability
- Robust Design, High Shocks Survivability

Typical Applications

- Vibration Monitoring and Recording
- Impact Monitoring
- Appliance Control
- Mechanical Bearing Monitoring
- Computer Hard Drive Protection
- Computer Mouse and Joysticks
- Virtual Reality Input Devices
- Sports Diagnostic Devices and Systems

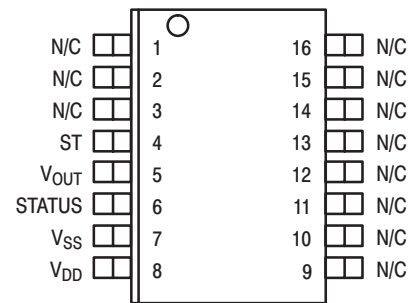
MMA2202D

**MMA2202D: X AXIS SENSITIVITY
MICROMACHINED
ACCELEROMETER**
±50g



16 LEAD SOIC
CASE 475-01

Pin Assignment



SIMPLIFIED ACCELEROMETER FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

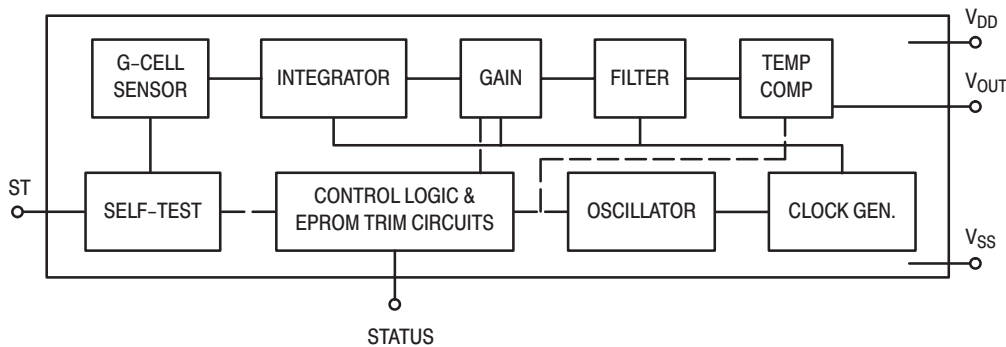


Figure 1. Simplified Accelerometer Functional Block Diagram

REV 0

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Maximum ratings are the limits to which the device can be exposed without causing permanent damage.)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Powered Acceleration (all axes)	G_{pd}	500	g
Unpowered Acceleration (all axes)	G_{upd}	2000	g
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	-0.3 to +7.0	V
Drop Test ⁽¹⁾	D_{drop}	1.2	m
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-40 to +105	°C

NOTES:

1. Dropped onto concrete surface from any axis.

ELECTRO STATIC DISCHARGE (ESD)

WARNING: This device is sensitive to electrostatic discharge.

Although the Motorola accelerometers contain internal 2kV ESD protection circuitry, extra precaution must be taken by the user to protect the chip from ESD. A charge of over

2000 volts can accumulate on the human body or associated test equipment. A charge of this magnitude can alter the performance or cause failure of the chip. When handling the accelerometer, proper ESD precautions should be followed to avoid exposing the device to discharges which may be detrimental to its performance.

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

(Unless otherwise noted: $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $4.75 \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.25$, Acceleration = 0g, Loaded output⁽¹⁾)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating Range ⁽²⁾					
Supply Voltage ⁽³⁾	V_{DD}	4.75	5.00	5.25	V
Supply Current	I_{DD}	4.0	5.0	6.0	mA
Operating Temperature Range	T_A	-40	—	+85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Acceleration Range	gFS	—	47	—	g
Output Signal					
Zero g ($V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$) ⁽⁴⁾	V_{OFF}	2.3	2.5	2.7	V
Zero g	$V_{OFF,V}$	$0.44 V_{DD}$	$0.50 V_{DD}$	$0.56 V_{DD}$	V
Sensitivity ($T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$) ⁽⁵⁾	S	37	40	43	mV/g
Sensitivity	S_V	7.4	8	8.6	mV/g/V
Bandwidth Response	f_{-3dB}	360	400	440	Hz
Nonlinearity	NL _{OUT}	-1.0	—	+1.0	% FSO
Noise					
RMS (.01–1 kHz)	n_{RMS}	—	—	2.8	mVrms
Power Spectral Density	n_{PSD}	—	110	—	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{Hz}^{1/2})$
Clock Noise (without RC load on output) ⁽⁶⁾	n_{CLK}	—	2.0	—	mVpk
Self-Test					
Output Response	g _{ST}	10	12	14	g
Input Low	V_{IL}	V_{SS}	—	$0.3 \times V_{DD}$	V
Input High	V_{IH}	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$	—	V_{DD}	V
Input Loading ⁽⁷⁾	I_{IN}	-30	-110	-300	μA
Response Time ⁽⁸⁾	t _{ST}	—	2.0	10	ms
Status ⁽¹²⁾⁽¹³⁾					
Output Low ($I_{load} = 100\ \mu\text{A}$)	V_{OL}	—	—	0.4	V
Output High ($I_{load} = 100\ \mu\text{A}$)	V_{OH}	$V_{DD} - .8$	—	—	V
Minimum Supply Voltage (LVD Trip)	V_{LVD}	2.7	3.25	4.0	V
Clock Monitor Fail Detection Frequency	f_{min}	150	—	400	kHz
Output Stage Performance					
Electrical Saturation Recovery Time ⁽⁹⁾	t _{DELAY}	—	0.2	—	ms
Full Scale Output Range ($I_{OUT} = 200\ \mu\text{A}$)	V_{FSO}	0.3	—	$V_{DD} - 0.3$	V
Capacitive Load Drive ⁽¹⁰⁾	C_L	—	—	100	pF
Output Impedance	Z_O	—	300	—	Ω
Mechanical Characteristics					
Transverse Sensitivity ⁽¹¹⁾	$V_{ZX,YX}$	—	—	5.0	% FSO
Package Resonance	f _{PKG}	—	10	—	kHz

NOTES:

- For a loaded output the measurements are observed after an RC filter consisting of a 1 k Ω resistor and a 0.01 μF capacitor to ground.
- These limits define the range of operation for which the part will meet specification.
- Within the supply range of 4.75 and 5.25 volts, the device operates as a fully calibrated linear accelerometer. Beyond these supply limits the device may operate as a linear device but is not guaranteed to be in calibration.
- The device can measure both + and - acceleration. With no input acceleration the output is at midsupply. For positive acceleration the output will increase above $V_{DD}/2$ and for negative acceleration the output will decrease below $V_{DD}/2$.
- The device is calibrated at 20g.
- At clock frequency $\cong 70\text{ kHz}$.
- The digital input pin has an internal pull-down current source to prevent inadvertent self test initiation due to external board level leakages.
- Time for the output to reach 90% of its final value after a self-test is initiated.
- Time for amplifiers to recover after an acceleration signal causing them to saturate.
- Preserves phase margin (60 $^{\circ}$) to guarantee output amplifier stability.
- A measure of the device's ability to reject an acceleration applied 90 $^{\circ}$ from the true axis of sensitivity.
- The Status pin output is not valid following power-up until at least one rising edge has been applied to the self-test pin. The Status pin is high whenever the self-test input is high.
- The Status pin output latches high if a Low Voltage Detection or Clock Frequency failure occurs, or the EPROM parity changes to odd. The Status pin can be reset by a rising edge on self-test, unless a fault condition continues to exist.

PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION

The Motorola accelerometer is a surface-micromachined integrated-circuit accelerometer.

The device consists of a surface micromachined capacitive sensing cell (g-cell) and a CMOS signal conditioning ASIC contained in a single integrated circuit package. The sensing element is sealed hermetically at the wafer level using a bulk micromachined "cap" wafer.

The g-cell is a mechanical structure formed from semiconductor materials (polysilicon) using semiconductor processes (masking and etching). It can be modeled as two stationary plates with a moveable plate in-between. The center plate can be deflected from its rest position by subjecting the system to an acceleration (Figure 2).

When the center plate deflects, the distance from it to one fixed plate will increase by the same amount that the distance to the other plate decreases. The change in distance is a measure of acceleration.

The g-cell plates form two back-to-back capacitors (Figure 3). As the center plate moves with acceleration, the distance between the plates changes and each capacitor's value will change, $(C = A\epsilon/D)$. Where A is the area of the plate, ϵ is the dielectric constant, and D is the distance between the plates.

The CMOS ASIC uses switched capacitor techniques to measure the g-cell capacitors and extract the acceleration data from the difference between the two capacitors. The ASIC also signal conditions and filters (switched capacitor) the signal, providing a high level output voltage that is ratiometric and proportional to acceleration.

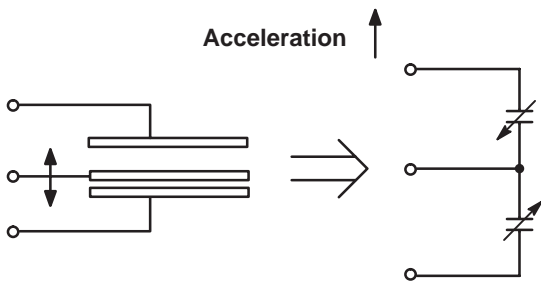


Figure 2. Transducer Physical Model

Figure 3. Equivalent Circuit Model

SPECIAL FEATURES

Filtering

The Motorola accelerometers contain an onboard 4-pole switched capacitor filter. A Bessel implementation is used because it provides a maximally flat delay response (linear phase) thus preserving pulse shape integrity. Because the filter is realized using switched capacitor techniques, there is no requirement for external passive components (resistors and capacitors) to set the cut-off frequency.

Self-Test

The sensor provides a self-test feature that allows the verification of the mechanical and electrical integrity of the accelerometer at any time before or after installation. This feature is critical in applications such as automotive airbag systems where system integrity must be ensured over the life of the vehicle. A fourth "plate" is used in the g-cell as a self-test plate. When the user applies a logic high input to the self-test pin, a calibrated potential is applied across the self-test plate and the moveable plate. The resulting electrostatic force ($F_e = 1/2 AV^2/d^2$) causes the center plate to deflect. The resultant deflection is measured by the accelerometer's control ASIC and a proportional output voltage results. This procedure assures that both the mechanical (g-cell) and electronic sections of the accelerometer are functioning.

Ratiometricity

Ratiometricity simply means that the output offset voltage and sensitivity will scale linearly with applied supply voltage. That is, as you increase supply voltage the sensitivity and offset increase linearly; as supply voltage decreases, offset and sensitivity decrease linearly. This is a key feature when interfacing to a microcontroller or an A/D converter because it provides system level cancellation of supply induced errors in the analog to digital conversion process.

Status

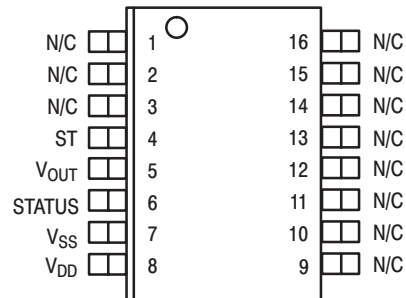
Motorola accelerometers include fault detection circuitry and a fault latch. The Status pin is an output from the fault latch, OR'd with self-test, and is set high whenever one (or more) of the following events occur:

- Supply voltage falls below the Low Voltage Detect (LVD) voltage threshold
- Clock oscillator falls below the clock monitor minimum frequency
- Parity of the EPROM bits becomes odd in number.

The fault latch can be reset by a rising edge on the self-test input pin, unless one (or more) of the fault conditions continues to exist.

BASIC CONNECTIONS

Pinout Description



Pin No.	Pin Name	Description
1 thru 3	—	No internal connection. Leave unconnected.
4	ST	Logic input pin used to initiate self-test.
5	V _{OUT}	Output voltage of the accelerometer.
6	STATUS	Logic output pin to indicate fault.
7	V _{SS}	The power supply ground.
8	V _{DD}	The power supply input.
9 thru 13	Trim pins	Used for factory trim. Leave unconnected.
14 thru 16	—	No internal connection. Leave unconnected.

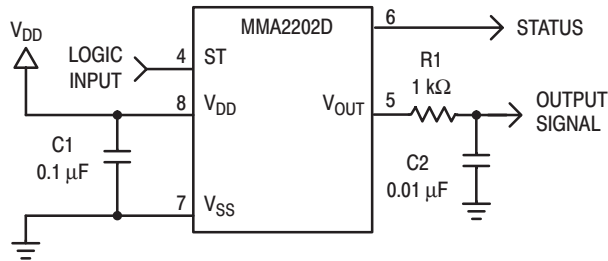


Figure 4. SOIC Accelerometer with Recommended Connection Diagram

PCB Layout

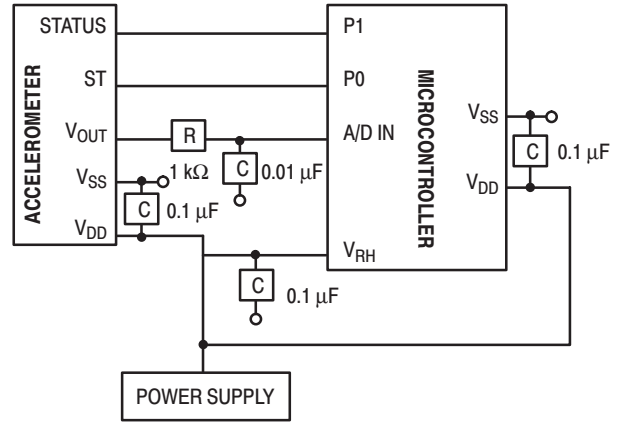
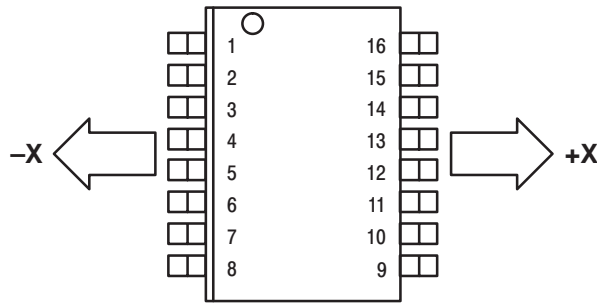


Figure 5. Recommend PCB Layout for Interfacing Accelerometer to Microcontroller

NOTES:

- Use a 0.1 μF capacitor on V_{DD} to decouple the power source.
- Physical coupling distance of the accelerometer to the microcontroller should be minimal.
- Place a ground plane beneath the accelerometer to reduce noise, the ground plane should be attached to all of the open ended terminals shown in Figure 5.
- Use an RC filter of 1 kΩ and 0.01 μF on the output of the accelerometer to minimize clock noise (from the switched capacitor filter circuit).
- PCB layout of power and ground should not couple power supply noise.
- Accelerometer and microcontroller should not be a high current path.
- A/D sampling rate and any external power supply switching frequency should be selected such that they do not interfere with the internal accelerometer sampling frequency. This will prevent aliasing errors.

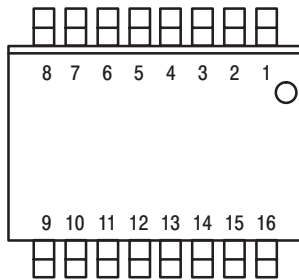
Positive Acceleration Sensing Direction



16-Pin SOIC Package

N/C pins are recommended to be left FLOATING

Top View



Front View

Direction of Earth's gravity field.*



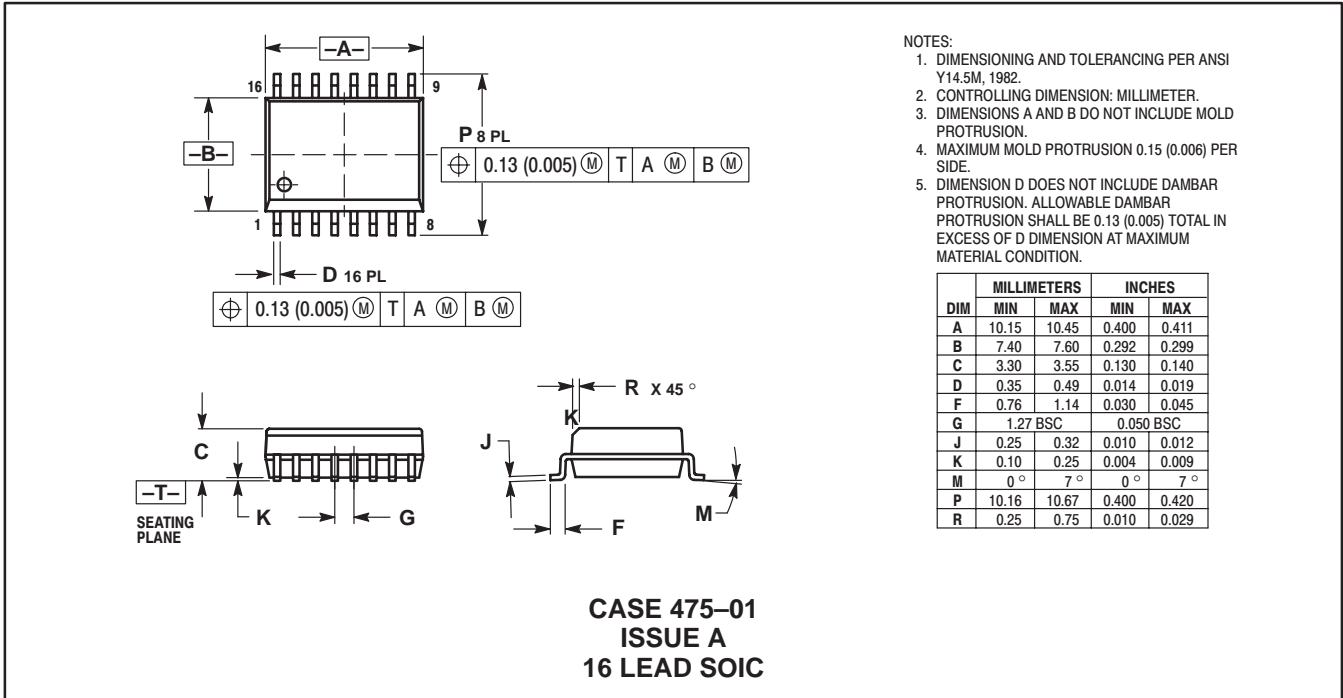
Side View

* When positioned as shown, the Earth's gravity will result in a positive 1g output

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Temperature Range	Case No.	Package
MMA2202D	-40 to +85°C	Case 475-01	SOIC-16

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



MINIMUM RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT FOR SURFACE MOUNTED APPLICATIONS

Surface mount board layout is a critical portion of the total design. The footprint for the surface mount packages must be the correct size to ensure proper solder connection interface between the board and the package. With the correct

footprint, the packages will self-align when subjected to a solder reflow process. It is always recommended to design boards with a solder mask layer to avoid bridging and shorting between solder pads.

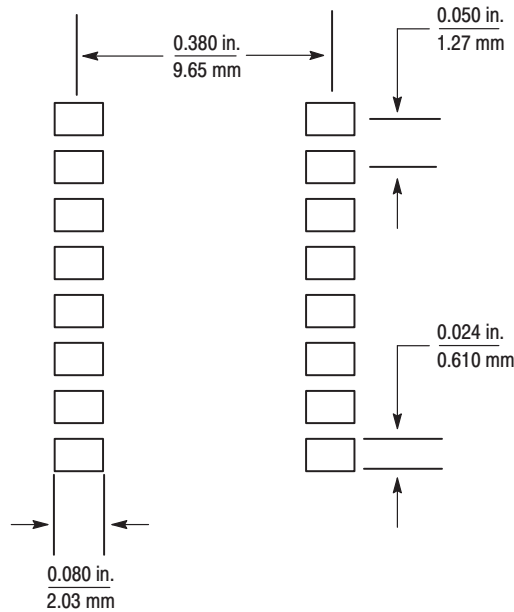



Figure 6. Footprint SOIC-16 (Case 475-01)

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美国 MOTOROLA 压力传感器

美国 MOTOROLA 公司的 MPX 系列硅压力传感器，主要以气压测量为主，适合用于医疗器械，气体压力控制等领域，输出数字信号。其测量方式可分为：表压 (GP)、绝压 (A、AP)、差压 (D、DP) 型。在宽温度范围工作时需外加补偿网络和信号调整电路。具体型号分类而定



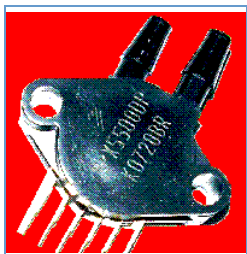
名称: MPX2010DP



名称: MPX5700DP MPX5700GP



名称: MPX2100AP



名称: MPX5500DP



名称: MPX5100AP



名称: MPX5050DP



名称: MPX5010DP



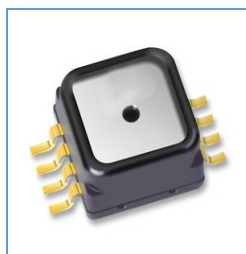
名称: MPX4115AP



名称: MPX2200A



名称: MPX2200AP



名称: MPXH6115A6U



名称: MPX4250DP



名称: MPX4115A



名称: MPX2202DP



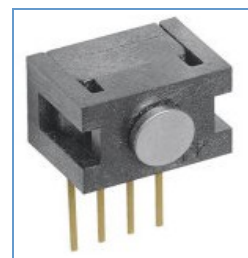
名称: MPX2102AP



名称: MPX2053GP



名称: MPXY8300A6U 压力传感器



名称: 触力型压力传感器 FSG15N1A



名称: 硅压力传感器 MPXH6115A



名称: MPX5700DP 硅压力传感器



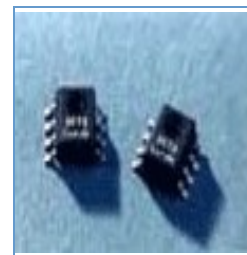
名称: MPX53GP 硅压力传感器



名称: 压力传感器 FPM07



名称: 轮胎压力传感器 TP015



名称: 轮胎压力传感器 NPP301



名称: Freescale 压力传感器 MPX2010DP

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE

MPXV10GC6U
CASE 482A

MPXV10GC7U
CASE 482C

PIN NUMBER			
1	Gnd	5	N/C
2	+V _{out}	6	N/C
3	V _s	7	N/C
4	-V _{out}	8	N/C

NOTE: Pin 1 is noted by the notch in the lead.

UNIBODY PACKAGE

MPX10D
CASE 344

MPX10DP
CASE 344C

PIN NUMBER			
1	Gnd	3	V _e
2	+V _{out}	4	-V _{out}

NOTE: Pin 1 is noted by the notch in the lead.

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称重测力: Transcell、HBM、Interface、Thameside、Philips、Entran

温 湿 度: Honeywell、Dwyer

流 量: Gems、Dwyer、Honeywell、Folwline、WorldMagnetics

液 位: Honeywell、Siccom、Gems、Dwyer、Kulite、SSI

加 速 度: Entran、Silicondesigns、Dytran

压力开关: ACSI、Gems、Dwyer、台湾矽微

航空器材: TexTech 隔音材料、Honeywell 薄膜加热片、DigirayX 射线探伤仪

仪 表: Honeywell、Transcell、东辉、上润、AD、东崎

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轮胎压力监控系统 (中文)

轮胎压力监控系统 (TPMS) 在线座谈 (中文)

重点产品

加速度 (Low-g) 传感器

MMA7260Q 低重力加速度 (low-g) 传感器 (中文)

MMA6200xxQ 低重力加速度 (low-g) 传感器 (中文)

集成压力传感器

MPXAZ 或 MPXHZ 封装的集成压力传感器特别适用于**汽车应用**

MPXA6115A 高温精确集成压力传感器 (中文)

MPXAZ6115A 媒体耐抗的高温精确集成压力传感器 (中文)

MPXH6115A 高温精确集成压力传感器 (中文)

MP3H6115A 高温精确集成压力传感器 (中文)

MPXHZ6115A 媒体耐抗的高温精确集成压力传感器 (中文)

MPXH6250A 集成压力传感器 (中文)

MPXH6300A 压力传感器 (中文)

MPXH6400A 集成压力传感器 (中文)

美国 motorola/freescale 气压传感器

MPX10D MPX10DP MPX10GP MPX10GS MPXV10GC6U MPXV10GC7U MPX12D MPX12DP MPX12GP MPX2010D MPX2010DP MPX2010GP MPXT2010G7U MPX2050D MPX2050DP MPX2050GP MPX2050GVP MPX2050GS MPX2050GSX MPX2050GVSX MPX2053D MPX2053DP MPX2053GP MPX2100A MPX2100DP MPX2100AP MPX2100ASX MPX2102A MPX2102D MPX2102DP MPX2102AP MPX2102GP MPX2102GVP MPX2200A MPX2200D MPX2200DP MPX2200AP MPX2200GP MPX2200A MPX2200D MPX2200DP MP2200AP MPX2200GP MPX21002A MPX2102D MPX2102DP MPX2102AP MPX2102GP MPX2102GVP MPX2200A MPX2200D MPX2200DP MPX2200AP MPX2200GP MPX2201GP MPX2300DT1 MPX4080D MPX4100A MPXA4100A6U MPX4100AP MPXA4100A6U MPX4100AS MPX4101A MPXA4101AC6U MPX4105A MPX4115A MPXA4115A6U MPX4115AP MPXA4115AC6U MPX4115AS MPX4200A MPX4200AP MPX4200SA MPX4200ASX MPX4250A MPX4250AP MPX4250A6U MPXA4250A6T1 MPXA4250AC6U MPXA4250AC6T1 MPX4250D MPX4250GP MPX4250DP MPX5010D MPX5010DP MPX5010GP MPX5010GS MPX5010GSX MPXV5010G6U MPXV5010G6U/T1 MPXV5010G6U/T1 MPXV5010G7U MPX5050D MPX5050DP MPX5050GP MPX5100A MPX5100D MPX5100DP MPX5100AP MPX5100GP MPX5100GVP MPX5100AS MPX5100GS MPX5100GVS MPX5100ASX MPX5100GSX MPX5100GVSX MPX53D MPX53GP MPX5500D MPX5500DP MPX5700D MPX5700A MPX5700DP MPX5700GP MPX5700AP MPX5700GS MPX5700AS MPX5999D MPXA6115A6U MPXA6115AC6U MPXA6115A MPXA6115A6T1 MPXA6115AC6T1 MPXAZ4100A6U MPXAZ4100A MPXAZ4100A6T1 MPXAZ4100AC6U MPXAZ4100AC6T1 MPXAZ4115A6U MPXZ4115A MPXAZ4115A6T1 MPXAX4115AC6U MPXAZ4115AC6T1 MPXC2011DT1 MPXM2010D MPXM2010DT1 MPXM2010GS MPXM2010GST1 MPXM2053D MPXM2053DT1 MPXM2053GS MPXM2053GST1 MPXV4006G6U MPXV4006G6U MPXV4115V6U MPXV4115V6T1 MPXV4115VC6U MPXV5004G6U/T1 MPXV5004G6U/T1 MPXV5004G6U/T1 MPXV5004G7U MPXV5004G7U MPXY8010 MPXY8020 MPXY8030 MPXY8040 MMA6200xxQ

低重力加速度 (low-g) 传感器

MPXA6115A 高温精确集成压力传感器 MPXAZ6115A 耐抗高温压力传感器 MPXH6115A 高温精确集成压力传感器

MP3H6115A 高温精确集成压力传感器 MPXHZ6115A 媒体耐抗的高温精确集成压力传感器 MPXH6250A 集成压力传感器 MPXH6300A 压力传感器

MPXH6400A 集成压力传感器 等汽车用压力传感器

详情请致电我公司或上我公司网站查询

美国 motorola 压力传感器

MPX2010 MPX2100 MPX4080D MPX5050 MPX4105A MPX4200

MPX4250D MPX2050 MPX5999D MPX5100 MPX5010 MPX10

MPX4115A MPX4250A

MPX（毫伏输出）选型指南：（D：差压、A：绝压、P：含包装、MPX7000 系列适合电池供电）

型号	压力范围 KPa	满量程输出, mV			灵敏度 mV/psi	过压 psi, Max	价格<元>	详细资料
		Min.	Typ.	Max.				
MPX10D/DP	10	20	35	50	3.5	75		查看
MPX50D/DP	50	45	60	90	1.2	200		查看
MPX100D/DP/A/AP	100	45	60	90	0.6	200		查看
MPX200D/DP/A/AP	200	45	60	90	0.3	400		查看
MPX700D/DP	700	45	60	90	0.086	2800		查看
MPX2010D/DP	10	24	25	26	2.5	700		查看
MPX2050D/DP	50	38.5	40	41.5	0.8	200		查看
MPX2100D/DP/A/AP	100	38.5	40	41.5	0.4	400		查看
MPX2200D/DP/A/AP	200	38.5	40	41.5	0.2	400		查看
MPX2700D	700	38.5	40	41.5	0.057	2800		查看
MPX7050D/DP	50	38.5	40	41.5	0.8	200		查看
MPX7100D/DP/A/AP	100	38.5	40	41.5	0.4	400		查看
MPX7200D/DP/A/AP	200	38.5	40	41.5	0.2	400		查看

MPX（标准输出）选型指南

MPX4100A/AP	15-102	4618	4700	4782	54	400		查看
MPX4250A	20-250	4622	4690	4762	20	400		查看
MPX5010D/DP	10	4275	4500	4725	450	75		查看
MPX5050D/DP	50	4388	4500	4613	90	200		查看
MPX5100D/DP	100	4388	4500	4613	45	400		查看
MPX5100A/AP	15-115	4388	4500	4613	45	400		查看
MPX5500D/DP	500	4388	4500	4613	9.0	3500		查看
MPX5700D/DP	700	4388	4500	4613	6.0	2800		查看
MPX5999D/DP	1000	4388	4500	4613	5.0	2800		查看

Freescale 加速度传感器 (low g)

型号	Acceleration(g)	sensing axis	sensitivity(mg/v)	Rolloff frequency(hz)	vdd(v)	zero g output	package
MMA6260Q	1.5/1.5	X-Y	800/800	50	3.3	1.65	16pin QFN
MMA6261Q	1.5/1.5	X-Y	800/800	300	3.3	1.65	16pin QFN
MMA6262Q	1.5/1.5	X-Y	800/800	150	3.3	1.65	16pin QFN
MMA6263Q	1.5/1.5	X-Y	800/800	900	3.3	1.65	16pin QFN
MMA2260D	1.5	X	1200	50	5.0	2.5	16pin SOIC
MMA1260D	1.5	Z	1200	50	5.0	2.5	16pin SOIC
MMA1270D	2.5	Z	750	50	5.0	2.5	16pin SOIC
MMA1250D	5.0	Z	400	50	5.0	2.5	16pin SOIC
MMA1220D	8.0	Z	250	250	5.0	2.5	16pin SOIC
MMA6231Q	10/10	X-Y	120/120	300	3.3	1.65	16pin QFN
MMA6233Q	10/10	X-Y	120/120	900	3.3	1.65	16pin QFN

Freescale 加速度传感器 (Medium g)

型号	Acceleration(g)	sensing axis	sensitivity(mg/v)	Rolloff frequency(hz)	vdd(v)	zero g output	package
MMA3201D	40/40	X-Y	50/50	400	5.0	2.5	20pin SOIC
MMA2201D	40	X	50	400	5.0	2.5	16pin SOIC
MMA2202D	50	X	40	400	5.0	2.5	16pin SOIC
MMA3222D	50/30	X-Y	40/66.67	400	5.0	2.5	20pin SOIC
MMA3204D	100/30	X-Y	20/66.67	400	5.0	2.5	20pin SOIC
MMA3202D	100/50	X-Y	50/100	400	5.0	2.5	20pin SOIC
MMA2204D	100	X	20	400	5.0	2.5	16pin SOIC
MMA1213D	50	Z	40	400	5.0	2.5	16pin SOIC
MMA1210D	100	Z	20	400	5.0	2.5	16pin SOIC

Freescale 加速度传感器 (High g)

型号	Acceleration(g)	sensing axis	sensitivity(mg/v)	Rolloff frequency(hz)	vdd(v)	zero g output	package
MMA1211D	150	Z	13	400	5.0	2.5	16pin SOIC
MMA2301D	200	X	10	400	5.0	2.5	16pin SOIC
MMA1212D	200	Z	10	400	5.0	2.5	16pin SOIC
MMA2300D	250	X	8.0	400	5.0	2.5	16pin SOIC
MMA1200D	250	Z	8.0	400	5.0	2.5	16pin SOIC

Freescale 集成压力传感器

型号	最大压力	最大压力	最大压力	最大压力	最大压力	过压 (kpa)	量程电压	灵敏 mV/Kpa	精度 0~85 (% of VFSS)	典型压力			
	psi	kpa	in H2O	cm H2O	mm Hg		vdc			A	D	G	V
MPX4080	11.6	80	321	815	600	400	4.3	54	±3.0		•		
MPX4100	15.2	105	422	1070	788	400	4.6	54	±1.8	•			
MPX4101	14.8	102	410	1040	765	400	4.6	54	±1.8	•			
MPXA6115A	16.7	115	462	1150	863	400	4.5	45.9	±1.5	•			
MPX4105	15.2	105	422	1070	788	400	4.6	51	±1.8	•			
MPX4115	16.7	115	462	1174	863	400	4.6	46	±1.5	•			
	16.7	115	462	1174	863	400	4.0	38	±1.5				•
MPXH6115A	16.7	115	462	1150	863	400	4.6	45.9	±1.5	•			
MPX4200	29	200	803	2040	1500	400	4.5	26	±1.5	•			
MPX4250	36	250	1000	2550	1880	400	4.7	20	±1.5	•			
	36	250	1000	2550	1880	400	4.7	19	±1.4		•	•	
MPXH6250	36	250	1000	2550	1880	400	4.7	19	±1.5	•			
MPXV4006	0.87	6.0	24	61	45	10	4.6	766	±5.0		•		•
MPXV5004	0.57	4.0	16	40	29	10	3.9	1000	±2.5		•		•
MPX5010	1.45	10	40	102	75	75	4.5	450	±5.0		•		•
MPX5050	7.25	50	201	510	375	200	4.5	90	±2.5		•	•	•
MPX5100	14.5	100	401	1020	750	400	4.5	45	±2.5		•	•	
	16.7	115	462	1174	863	400	4.5	45	±2.5	•			
MPX5500	72.5	500	2000	5100	3750	2000	4.5	9.0	±2.5		•	•	
MPX5700	102	700	2810	7140	5250	2800	4.5	6.0	±2.5	•	•	•	
MPX5999	150	1000	4150	10546	7757	4000	4.5	5.0	±2.5		•		
MPXh6300	44	300	1200	3060	2250	400	4.7	16	±1.8	•			
MPXH6400	60	400	1600	4000	3000	500	4.7	12	±1.5	•			

Freescale 带补偿压力传感器

型号	最大压力	最大压力	最大压力	最大压力	最大压力	过压 (kpa)	零位偏差 mv	量程电压 mv	灵敏 mV/Kpa	线性%量程 最小	线性%量程 最大	典型压力			
	psi	kpa	in H2O	cm H2O	mm Hg							A	D	G	V
MPX2010	1.45	10	40	102	75	75	±1.0	25	2.5	-1.0	1.0		•	•	
MPX2053	7.0	50	201	510	375	200	±1.0	40	0.8	-0.6	0.4		•		•
MPX2102	14.5	100	400	1020	750	200 200	±2.0 ±	40	0.4	-1.0	1.0	•	•		•
	14.5	100	400		750		1.0	40	0.4	-0.6	0.4				

MPX2202	29	200	800	2040	1500	400 400	±1.0	±	40	0.2	-1.0	1.0	•	•	•
	29	200	800		1500		1.0	40	0.2	-0.6	0.4				
MPX2050	7.0	50	201	510	375	200	±1.0		40	0.8	-0.3	-0.3	•	•	•
MPX2100	14.5	100	400	1020	750	200 200	±2.0	±	40	0.4	-1.0	-1.0	•	•	•
	14.5	100	400		750		1.0	40	0.4	-0.3	-0.3				
MPX2200	29	200	800	2040	1500	400 400	±1.0	±	40	0.2	-1.0	-1.0	•	•	•
	29	200	800		1500		1.0	40	0.2	-0.3	-0.3				

Freescale 无补偿压力传感器

型号	最大压力	最大压力	最大压力	最大压力	最大压力	过压 (kpa)	零位偏差 mv	量程电压 mv	灵敏 mV/Kpa	线性 %	线性 %	典型压力			
	psi	kpa	in h2o	cm h2o	mm Hg					量程 最 小	量程 最 大	A	D	G	V
MPX10	1.45	10	40	102	75	75	20	35	3.5	-1.0	1.0		•	•	
MPX12	1.45	10	40	102	75	75	20	55	3.5	-1.0	1.0		•	•	
MPX53	7.0	50	200	510	375	200	20	60	1.2	-0.6	0.4		•	•	

Freescale 胎压监测传感器

型号	最大压力	最大压力	最大压力	量程 输出	灵敏 kpa/count	最大压力 精度	最大压力 精度	最大温度 精度	工作电压 v	典型压力				
	psi	kpa	BAR			-20° C	+25 ° C-+70° C			+25° C	A	D	G	V
MPXY8020A	92.4	637.5	6.4	8-BIT	2.5	±15kpa	±7.5kpa	±4° C	2.1-3.6		•			
MPXY8021A	92.4	637.5	6.4	8-BIT	2.5	±20kpa	±7.5kpa	±4° C	2.1-3.6	•				
MPXY8040A	130.5	900	9.0	8-BIT	5.0	±25kpa	±20kpa	±4° C	2.1-3.6	•				

单位换算

单位	千帕	mm Hg	millibars	inchesH2O	PSI
1 大气压	101.325	760.00	1013.25	406.795	14.696

1 千帕	1.00000	7.50062	10.0000	4.01475	0.145038
1 mm Hg	0.133322	1.00000	1.33322	0.535257	0.0193368
1 millibar	0.100000	0.750062	1.00000	0.401475	0.0145038
1 inch H2o	0.249081	1.86826	2.49081	1.00000	0.0361
1 PSI	6.89473	51.7148	68.9473	27.6807	1.00000
1 hectoPascal	0.100000	0.75006	1.00000	0.401475	0.0145038
1 cm H2O	0.09806	0.7355	9.8x10*7	0.3937	0.014223

压力传感器型号解析(MPX2XXXAPXT1)

M	PX	A	2	XXX	A	P	X	T1
M - 标准品	压	无 -UNIBODY AH- SSOP A/V- SOP AZ -SMALL OUTLINE MEDIA RESISTANT PACKAGE	无-无补偿 2-温度补偿校正 3-open	最大压力 (kpa) mpx2300 (mmHg)	A-绝对压力 G-表压 D-差压 V-真空	C-AXI XL PORT (SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE) P-PORTED SINGLE PORT (AP, GP, GVP) DUAL PORT (DP) S-STOVEPIPE PORT (UNIBODY) SX-AXIAL PORT (UNIBODY)	NONE-NO LEADFORM 0-OPEN 1-2 (CONSULT FACTORY) 3-5 OPEN 6-7 SOP ONLY (6=GULL WING/SURFACE MOUNT) (7= 87 DEGREES/DIP)	NONE-TRAYS T1-TAPE AND REEL 1 INDICATES PART ORIENTATION IN TAPE U-RAIL
S-定制品	力	C-CHIP HZ-SUPER SMALL OUTLINE MEDIA RESISTANT	4-温度补偿校正信号 自动校准					
感	器	M-M PAK Y-SUPER SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE (TPM)	5- 温度补偿校正信号 6-高温 7-CMOS 8-胎压检测					
P, X-测试品								

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