



**XTR115
XTR116**

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4-20mA CURRENT LOOP TRANSMITTERS

FEATURES

- LOW QUIESCENT CURRENT: 200 μ A
- 5V REGULATOR FOR EXTERNAL CIRCUITS
- V_{REF} FOR SENSOR EXCITATION:
XTR115: 2.5V
XTR116: 4.096V
- LOW SPAN ERROR: 0.05%
- LOW NONLINEARITY ERROR: 0.003%
- WIDE LOOP SUPPLY RANGE: 7.5V to 36V
- SO-8 PACKAGE

APPLICATIONS

- 2-WIRE, 4-20mA CURRENT LOOP TRANSMITTER
- SMART TRANSMITTER
- INDUSTRIAL PROCESS CONTROL
- TEST SYSTEMS
- COMPATIBLE WITH HART MODEM
- CURRENT AMPLIFIER
- VOLTAGE-TO-CURRENT AMPLIFIER

DESCRIPTION

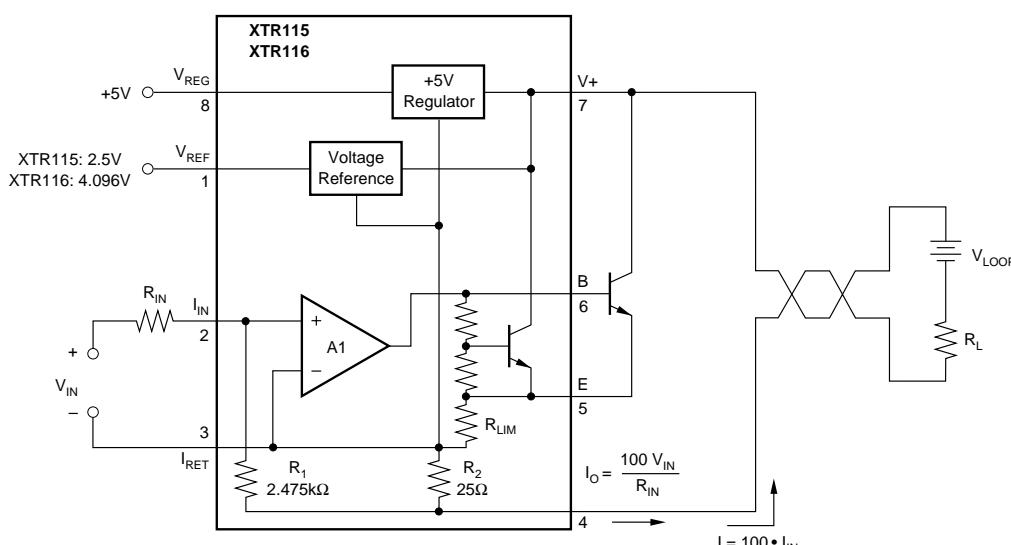
The XTR115 and XTR116 are precision current output converters designed to transmit analog 4-to-20mA signals over an industry standard current loop. They provide accurate current scaling and output current limit functions.

The on-chip voltage regulator (5V) can be used to power external circuitry. A precision on-chip V_{REF} (2.5V for XTR115 and 4.096V for XTR116) can be

used for offsetting or to excite transducers. A current return pin (I_{RET}) senses any current used in external circuitry to assure an accurate control of the output current.

The XTR115 is a fundamental building block of smart sensors using 4-to-20mA current transmission.

The XTR115 and XTR116 are specified for operation over the extended industrial temperature range, -40°C to +85°C.



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Printed in U.S.A. January, 2000

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SPECIFICATIONS

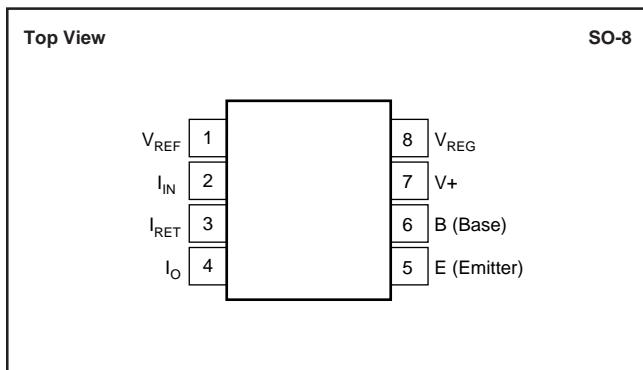
At $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V+ = 24\text{V}$, $R_{IN} = 20\text{k}\Omega$, and TIP29C external transistor, unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | XTR115U XTR116U | | | XTR115UA XTR116UA | | | UNITS |
|--|---------------|--------------------|-----|-----|----------------------|-----|-----|-------|
| | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| OUTPUT | | | | | | | | |
| Output Current Equation | I_O | | | | | | | |
| Output Current, Linear Range | | | | | | | | |
| Over-Scale Limit | I_{LIM} | | | | | | | |
| Under-Scale Limit | I_{MIN} | | | | | | | |
| SPAN | | | | | | | | |
| Span (Current Gain) | S | | | | | | | |
| Error ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | |
| vs Temperature | | | | | | | | |
| Nonlinearity | | | | | | | | |
| INPUT | | | | | | | | |
| Offset Voltage (Op Amp) | V_{OS} | | | | | | | |
| vs Temperature | | | | | | | | |
| vs Supply Voltage, $V+$ | | | | | | | | |
| Bias Current | I_B | | | | | | | |
| vs Temperature | | | | | | | | |
| Noise: 0.1Hz to 10Hz | e_n | | | | | | | |
| DYNAMIC RESPONSE | | | | | | | | |
| Small Signal Bandwidth | | | | | | | | |
| Slew Rate | | | | | | | | |
| $V_{REF}^{(2)}$ | | | | | | | | |
| XTR115 | | | | | | | | |
| XTR116 | | | | | | | | |
| Voltage Accuracy | | | | | | | | |
| vs Temperature | | | | | | | | |
| vs Supply Voltage, $V+$ | | | | | | | | |
| vs Load | | | | | | | | |
| Noise: 0.1Hz to 10Hz | | | | | | | | |
| Short-Circuit Current | | | | | | | | |
| $V_{REG}^{(2)}$ | | | | | | | | |
| Voltage | | | | | | | | |
| Voltage Accuracy | | | | | | | | |
| vs Temperature | | | | | | | | |
| vs Supply Voltage, $V+$ | | | | | | | | |
| vs Output Current | | | | | | | | |
| Short-Circuit Current | | | | | | | | |
| POWER SUPPLY | $V+$ | | | | | | | |
| Specified | | | | | | | | |
| Voltage Range | | | | | | | | |
| Quiescent Current | | | | | | | | |
| Over Temperature, -40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ | | | | | | | | |
| TEMPERATURE RANGE | | | | | | | | |
| Specification | | | | | | | | |
| Operating | | | | | | | | |
| Storage | | | | | | | | |
| Thermal Resistance | θ_{JA} | | | | | | | |

* Specifications the same as XTR115U and XTR116U.

NOTES: (1) Does not include initial error or TCR of R_{IN} . (2) Voltage measured with respect to I_{REF} pin.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS⁽¹⁾



| | |
|---|----------------------|
| Power Supply, V ₊ (referenced to I _O pin) | 40V |
| Input Voltage (referenced to I _{RET} pin) | 0V to V ₊ |
| Output Current Limit | Continuous |
| V _{REG} , Short-Circuit | Continuous |
| V _{REF} , Short-Circuit | Continuous |
| Operating Temperature | -55°C to +125°C |
| Storage Temperature Range | -55°C to +125°C |
| Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) | +300°C |
| Junction Temperature | +165°C |

NOTE: (1) Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability.



ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE SENSITIVITY

This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Burr-Brown recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION

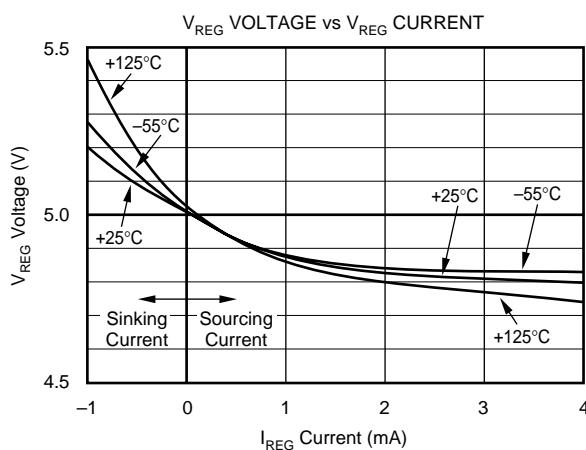
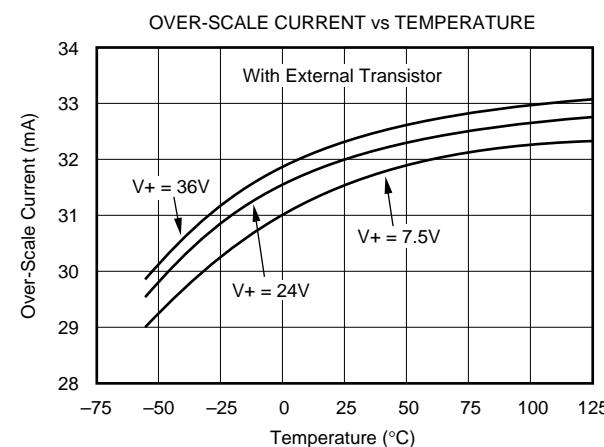
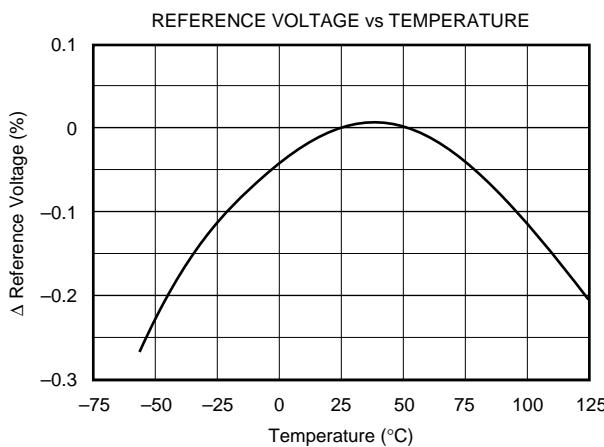
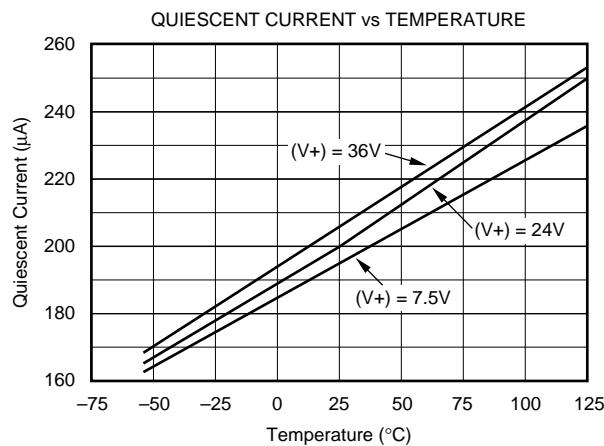
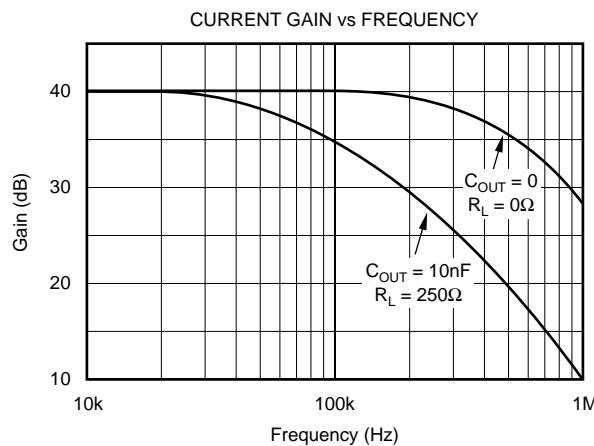
| PRODUCT | PACKAGE | PACKAGE DRAWING NUMBER | SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE | PACKAGE MARKING | ORDERING NUMBER ⁽¹⁾ | TRANSPORT MEDIA |
|----------|---------|------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| XTR115UA | SO-8 | 182 | -40°C to +85°C | XTR115UA | XTR115UA | Rails |
| " | " | " | " | " | XTR115UA/2K5 | Tape and Reel |
| XTR115U | SO-8 | 182 | -40°C to +85°C | XTR115U | XTR115U | Rails |
| " | " | " | " | " | XTR115U/2K5 | Tape and Reel |
| XTR116UA | SO-8 | 182 | -40°C to +85°C | XTR116UA | XTR116UA | Rails |
| " | " | " | " | " | XTR116UA/2K5 | Tape and Reel |
| XTR116U | SO-8 | 182 | -40°C to +85°C | XTR116U | XTR116U | Rails |
| " | " | " | " | " | XTR116U/2K5 | Tape and Reel |

NOTES: (1) Models with a slash (/) are available only in Tape and Reel in the quantities indicated (e.g., /2K5 indicates 2500 devices per reel). Ordering 2500 pieces of "XTR115UA/2K5" will get a single 2500-piece Tape and Reel.

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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

At $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V+ = 24\text{V}$, $R_{IN} = 20\text{k}\Omega$, and TIP29C external transistor, unless otherwise noted.



APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The XTR115 and XTR116 are identical devices except for the reference voltage output, pin 1. This voltage is available for external circuitry and is not used internally. Further discussions that apply to both devices will refer to the "XTR115/6."

Figure 1 shows basic circuit connections with representative simplified input circuitry. The XTR115/6 is a two-wire current transmitter. Its input signal (pin 2) controls the output current. A portion of this current flows into the V+ power supply, pin 7. The remaining current flows in Q1. External input circuitry connected to the XTR115/6 can be powered from V_{REG} or V_{REF}. Current drawn from these terminals must be returned to I_{RET}, pin 3. This I_{RET} pin is a "local ground" for input circuitry driving the XTR115/6.

The XTR115/6 is a current-input device with a gain of 100. A current flowing into pin 2 produces I_O = 100 • I_{IN}. The input voltage at the I_{IN} pin is zero (referred to the I_{RET} pin). A voltage input is created with an external input resistor, as shown. Common full-scale input voltages range from 1V

and upward. Full-scale inputs greater than 0.5V are recommended to minimize the effect of offset voltage and drift of A1.

EXTERNAL TRANSISTOR

The external transistor, Q1, conducts the majority of the full-scale output current. Power dissipation in this transistor can approach 0.8W with high loop voltage (40V) and 20mA output current. The XTR115/6 is designed to use an external transistor to avoid on-chip thermal-induced errors. Heat produced by Q1 will still cause ambient temperature changes that can affect the XTR115/6. To minimize these effects, locate Q1 away from sensitive analog circuitry, including XTR115/6. Mount Q1 so that heat is conducted to the outside of the transducer housing.

The XTR115/6 is designed to use virtually any NPN transistor with sufficient voltage, current and power rating. Case style and thermal mounting considerations often influence the choice for any given application. Several possible choices are listed in Figure 1. A MOSFET transistor will not improve the accuracy of the XTR115/6 and is not recommended.

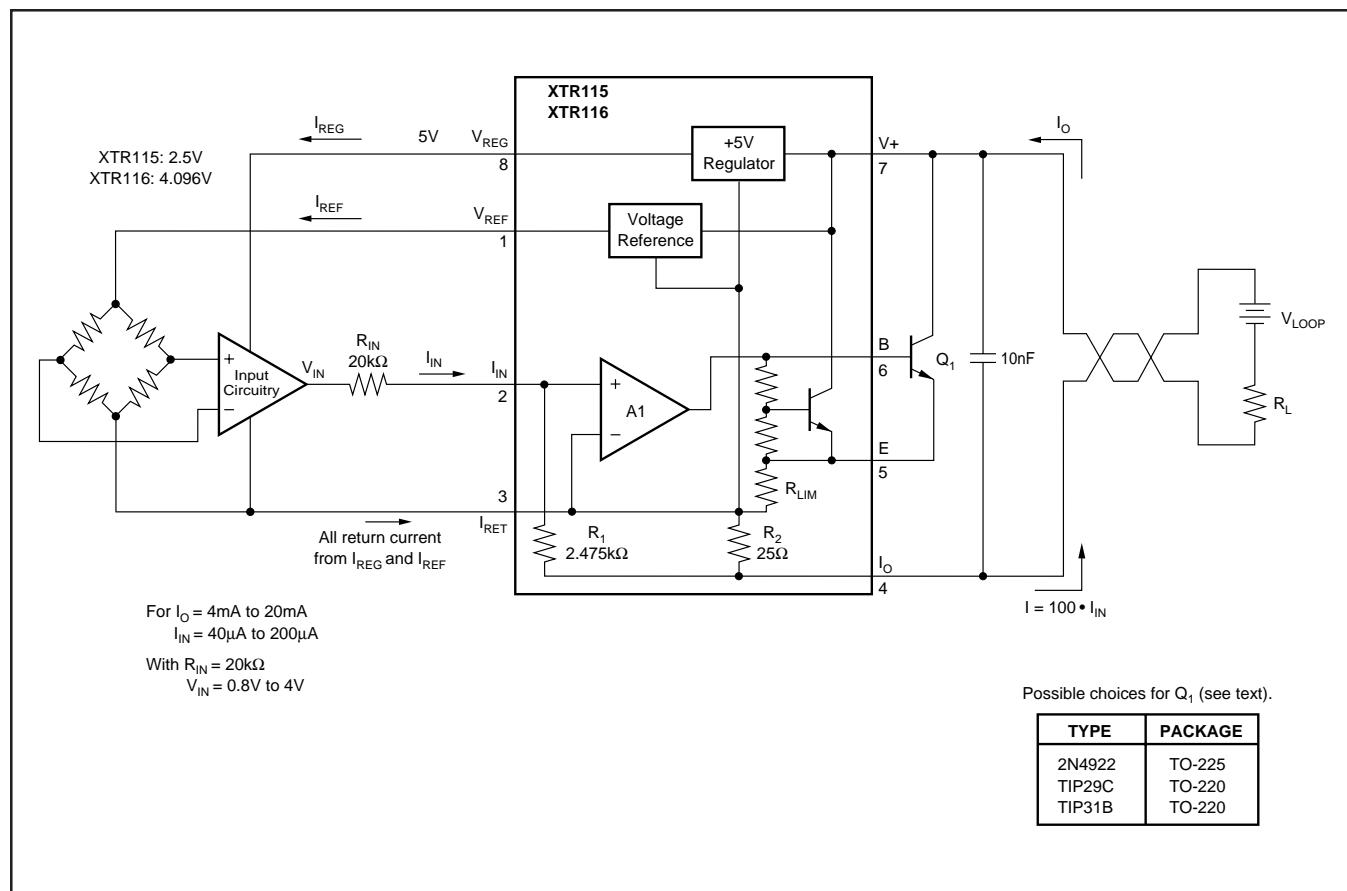


FIGURE 1. Basic Circuit Connections.

MINIMUM-SCALE CURRENT

The quiescent current of the XTR115/6 (typically 200 μ A) is the lower limit of its output current. Zero input current ($I_{IN} = 0$) will produce an I_O equal to the quiescent current. Output current will not begin to increase until $I_{IN} > I_Q/100$. Current drawn from V_{REF} or V_{REG} will add to this minimum output current. This means that more than 3.7mA is available to power external circuitry while still allowing the output current to go below 4mA.

OFFSETTING THE INPUT

A low scale of 4mA is produced by creating a 40 μ A input current. This can be created with the proper value resistor from V_{REF} (Figure 2), or by generating offset in the input drive circuitry.

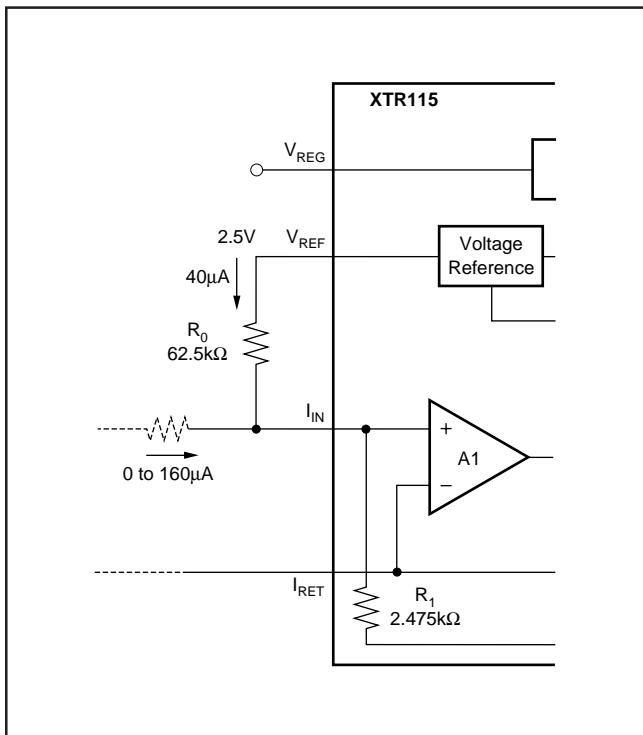


FIGURE 2. Creating Low-Scale Offset.

MAXIMUM OUTPUT CURRENT

The XTR115/6 provides accurate, linear output up to 25mA. Internal circuitry limits the output current to approximately 32mA to protect the transmitter and loop power/measurement circuitry.

It is possible to extend the output current range of the XTR115/6 by connecting an external resistor from pin 3 to pin 5, to change the current limit value. Since all output current must flow through internal resistors, it is possible to damage with excessive current. Output currents greater than 45mA may cause permanent damage.

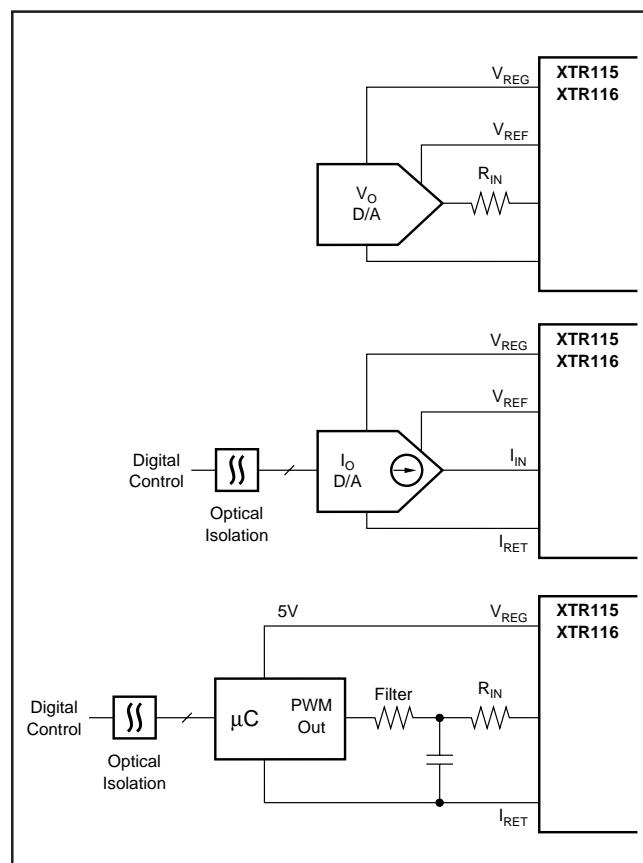


FIGURE 3. Digital Control Methods.

REVERSE-VOLTAGE PROTECTION

The XTR115/6 low compliance voltage rating (7.5V) permits the use of various voltage protection methods without compromising operating range. Figure 4 shows a diode bridge circuit which allows normal operation even when the voltage connection lines are reversed. The bridge causes a two diode drop (approximately 1.4V) loss in loop supply voltage. This results in a compliance voltage of approximately 9V—satisfactory for most applications. A diode can be inserted in series with the loop supply voltage and the V+ pin to protect against reverse output connection lines with only a 0.7V loss in loop supply voltage.

OVER-VOLTAGE SURGE PROTECTION

Remote connections to current transmitters can sometimes be subjected to voltage surges. It is prudent to limit the maximum surge voltage applied to the XTR115/6 to as low as practical. Various zener diode and surge clamping diodes are specially designed for this purpose. Select a clamp diode with as low a voltage rating as possible for best protection. For example, a 36V protection diode will assure proper transmitter operation at normal loop voltages, yet will provide an appropriate level of protection against voltage surges. Characterization tests on several production lots showed no damage with loop supply voltages up to 65V.

Most surge protection zener diodes have a diode characteristic in the forward direction that will conduct excessive current, possibly damaging receiving-side circuitry if the loop connections are reversed. If a surge protection diode is used, a series diode or diode bridge should be used for protection against reversed connections.

RADIO FREQUENCY INTERFERENCE

The long wire lengths of current loops invite radio frequency interference. RF can be rectified by the input circuitry of the XTR115/6 or preceding circuitry. This generally appears as an unstable output current that varies with the position of loop supply or input wiring.

Interference may also enter at the input terminals. For integrated transmitter assemblies with short connection to the sensor, the interference more likely comes from the current loop connections.

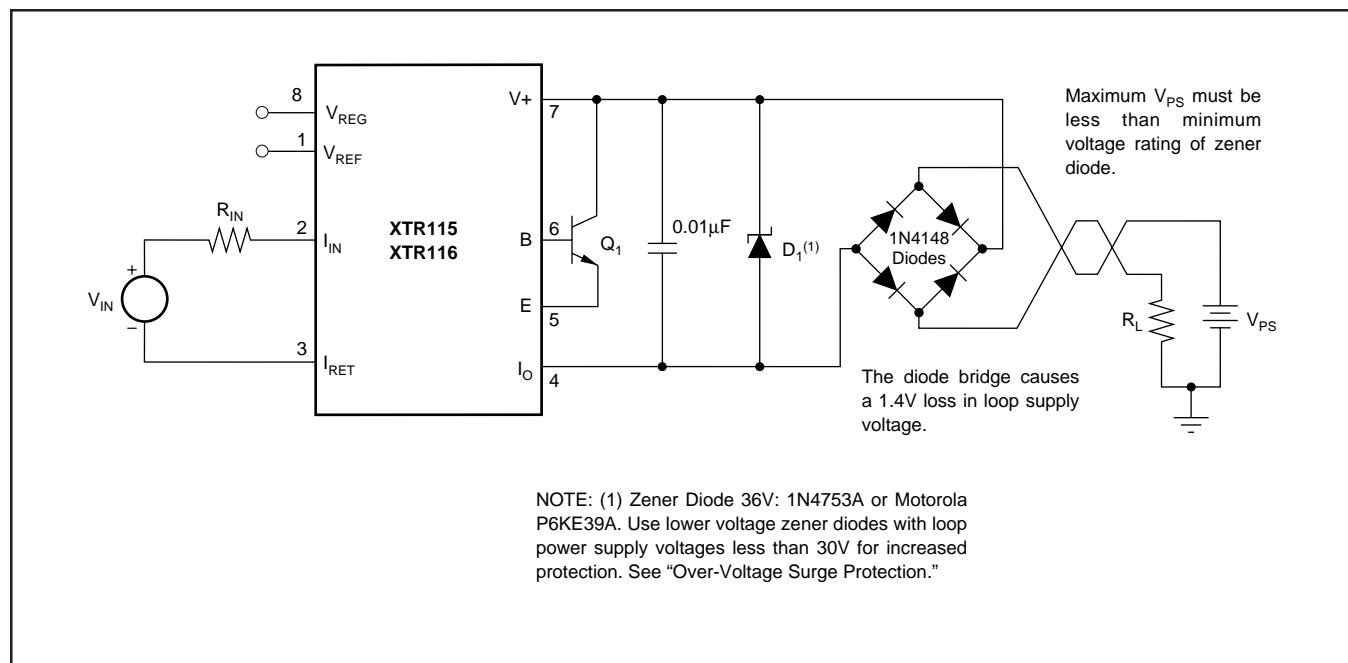


FIGURE 4. Reverse Voltage Operation and Over-Voltage Surge Protection.

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